

MANY KILLED IN SOUTHERN STORMS

GRONNA OUT IN OPEN; ASKS FOR LEAGUERS VOTES

Enters Race Against McCumber For Senator, Announcement in Courier-News, Says

ON LEAGUE PLATFORM

Former Senator, Radical Opponent of League in 1920, Now Bidding For Their Votes

Asle J. Gronna is now in the open. His formal candidacy for the senatorship is announced in today's Fargo Courier-News, with a bid for support of the Nonpartisan league. Gronna was defeated by Senator Ladd in the 1920 primary in which Gronna denounced Nonpartisans in bitter attacks on them and their proposed governmental changes as socialistic. The announcement of Gronna was forecast in The Tribune several days ago. His announcement on a Nonpartisan league platform was received with some surprise, but reports have reached Bismarck that for several days he has frequently been in conference with F. L. Aarlie, manager of the Courier-News. This formal announcement as printed in the league organ follows:

I am a candidate for United States senator on the Republican ticket, and I most respectfully ask for the vote and support of citizens of our state, regardless of factional politics. Having served the people of this state for 16 years, I refer you to my record in the house and the senate. I stand squarely upon that record. I renew my solemn pledge to the people of North Dakota to give faithful and efficient service to the people of the state and the nation, regardless of faction. In the future as in the past, I shall refuse to be controlled by political bosses or other sinister influences detrimental to representative government.

I have often been asked if I favor the farmers' program. My answer has always been that I favor any program that is economically sound and just. I favor any program which can possibly improve the conditions of the farmer. I am opposed to any program based upon a false economic principle, and which turns out to be only a fake and a swindle.

For Farmers' Program

I believe in constructive things, and I would not raise a finger against any program which could possibly be of benefit to the farmer. I have always said that the farmer should transact his own business, and I welcome the day when he shall be in a position to be able to fix his own prices and conduct the business on the same terms as the same rule and system that other business is being conducted. In this way only will he succeed, and when the farmer makes a success it is possible for all kinds of business to prosper.

I favor the early completion of the state mill and elevator and there is no reason why it should not be completed by August first, 1922. We should give this plant a fair trial in operating it. The building of the mill is only the beginning. We must look into every phase of the industry and the operating expenses must be taken into account.

N. D. Discriminated Against

The discrimination in rail rates against North Dakota is unjust. Here is a comparison of North Dakota and Minnesota state rates on wheat, carloads:

Mileage	North Dakota	Minnesota
50 miles haul	11 cents	8 cents
100 miles haul	15 1-2 cents	12 cents
150 miles haul	20 1-2 cents	16 cents
200 miles haul	25 1-2 cents	20 cents
250 miles haul	30 1-2 cents	24 cents
300 miles haul	35 1-2 cents	28 cents
350 miles haul	40 1-2 cents	32 cents
400 miles haul	45 1-2 cents	36 cents

For Bank of North Dakota

The Bank of North Dakota could and should be made a real farmers' bank to finance the farmer and the state industries. A scientific rural credit law on the amortization plan should be enacted in substantially the same form as the federal rural credit act. It should provide for the formation of farm loan associations, the mortgages to run to the bank or the state and then be used as a basis for farm loan bonds. The bonds should be exempt from taxation. I am confident that such bonds would sell in the markets at a premium and at a rate of interest not to exceed four and one half per cent. The rate of interest to the farmer should be five per cent plus one per cent to apply on the principal each year. At this rate the sum borrowed would be paid in thirty-four years; but the farmer could pay any part of the sum borrowed at any interest, paying date or could pay it in full after the first five years.

If the farmer could be properly financed it would go a long way in solving the marketing problem.

For Governmental Experiments

I am a firm believer in the principles that the government should aid

DON'T FORGET THAT FATHER AND SON BANQUET THIS EVENING

DON'T FORGET
The time: 6:15.
The Place: High School Gymnasium.
The Boy:

Rotarians are urged to be at the High School Gymnasium at 5:45 this evening to assist in the preliminaries for the Father and Son banquet which takes place this evening at 6:15.

D. R. Poole of Winnipeg, is the speaker of the evening. Judge Christianson will be toastmaster. There will be something doing every minute.

Boys who have not lined up any dads are to come anyway provided they have registered with J. J. MacLeod.

Rotarians who have not been selected as "Dads" will be taken care of at the High School.

Everything is all set. Let's Go!

COMPLAINTS OF LACK OF CARE OF STOCK MADE

Humane Society Receives Reports of Many Animals "Down" on the Range

STATEMENT IN CASE

Numerous complaints are being received by the State Humane Society of suffering of stock on ranges, it was said today by Geo. B. Newcomb, superintendent of the society.

Members of the society and others are advised to "in plain spoken words be actuated by humaneness and not suffering animals out of a misery sure to eventuate in death."

A statement issued by Mr. Newcomb and J. C. Wilson, district superintendent, Jamestown, follows:

"Because of the very numerous complaints pertaining to the suffering of stock on the range coming to the office of the State Humane Society since the recent unusual storms, the superintendent of the society thinking it best requested an opinion from the office of the attorney general as to the proper procedure when immediate action seemed necessary from the standpoint of humaneness and that opinion is hereby given in substance:

"Recognizing the peculiar situation in the state at this time due to drought and financial stress many farmers find themselves unable to procure necessary feed for their stock other than from the range and the heavy blanket of snow has made it difficult to obtain sufficient from this source and consequently much stock is down."

"The legal procedure is to notify owner whenever possible either direct or by publication and when such is not possible and stock is down and apparently worthless the justice of the peace should be notified and with the two others should appraise the stock. If said justice is not available and the case demands immediate action then the humane act would be to secure any person or persons and if agreed among them said stock is worthless destroy the same in which event it would be wise to make a record of such action. In plain spoken words be actuated by humaneness and put suffering animals out of a misery sure to eventuate in death."

"However, where it appears stock is willfully neglected or otherwise cruelly treated (abused) upon complaint to the office of the society investigation will be made and if the findings warrant the same will be turned over to the state's attorney with whom is lodged the power to prosecute."

83 DEAD IN BOMB THROWING

Belfast, March 14.—The casualty list from the activities of gun men and bomb throwers in the last ten weeks totalled 83 dead and 157 seriously wounded, according to the Northern Whig.

MISSISSIPPI CAUSES TROUBLE

Thousands of acres of productive land along the Mississippi river bottom between Ortonville and Montevideo are flooded from a depth of from two to six feet as a result of the continued thaw.

Farmers living on the bottoms south of this city have been forced to move their cattle to higher ground.

Hard To Select Jury To Try Arbuckle

San Francisco, Calif., March 14.—With one juror passed temporarily off to select 12 persons to try Fatty Arbuckle for the third time, continued today. It is expected by both prosecution and defense that most if not all the week will be consumed in the selection of a jury.

Little public interest is being shown in the case here.

Renews Argument In Obenchain Case

Los Angeles, March 14.—Argument in the case of Mrs. Madalynne Obenchain, on trial for the murder of St. Belton Kennedy, were to be resumed at the opening of court this morning.

Circassian walnut is heavier than water and will not float.

WORLD LEAGUE IS PROPOSED

Washington, March 14.—Creation of an association of nations was formally proposed in the senate today by Senator McPherson, Republican, North Dakota, during debate on the four-power Pacific treaty.

The North Dakota senator read the plank in the Republican platform of 1920 regarding such an international agreement and then made his proposal which he said would carry out the campaign pledge.

MERCER COUNTY MAN PLEADS IN MANN ACT CASE

H. L. Stephens Charged With Having Taken Kidder County Woman To Minnesota

H. L. Stephens of Mercer county pleaded guilty before Judge Miller early this afternoon in federal court to violating the Mann act.

Stephens was transporting a woman from North Dakota to Minnesota for immoral purposes.

S. L. Nichols, assistant district attorney, who represented the government's case said that Stephens had lived in Mercer county, was a journeyman plasterer, had a wife and three children, and that while he was cutting hay near Steele in 1920 he became enamored with Mrs. Ada Allen, Mrs. Allen, he said, had several children. Mrs. Allen deserted her husband and Stephens his wife, Mr. Nichols said, and they went to Fargo and lived as man and wife. They then went to Peeping and into Minnesota.

Some time later, he said, Stephens returned to Mercer county while his wife was absent, visiting her parents in Missouri, and installed Mrs. Allen in his home.

J. M. Hanley of Mandan, representing the defendant, said that Stephens and his wife and Allen and his wife had been separated when they met, and that a divorce was pending in one case. He told the court that the original purpose of the Mann act was to prevent commercialized vice, but that many persons had been charged under the act who had not been so engaged. He said that Stephens' wife was willing that he come back, that the family had been broken up and he was needed to support her and the children.

Mrs. Stephens was not present but was said to be in town. Judge Miller postponed action until he could interview her.

PIONEER OF STATE DIES

Mrs. Elizabeth Allshouse Passes Away

Mrs. Elizabeth Allshouse, 89 years old, who made her home in Bismarck for many years with her daughter, Mrs. J. L. George, 311 Fourth street, passed away at Steele yesterday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. F. O. Smith. Mrs. Allshouse had lived in this section of the state for about 49 years, being one of the pioneer residents. She has been at the home of her daughter in Steele for several weeks.

Surviving are her son, Thomas, of British Columbia, who was at Steele when she passed away; Mrs. George and Mrs. Smith.

Funeral services will be held at Steele Wednesday afternoon.

BROWN HEARING IS POSTPONED

Fargo, March 14.—The preliminary hearing of Andy Brown, charged with the murder of Marie Wick, was again postponed here today until March 17 by agreement.

FISHING, GOLF ON PROGRAM

West Palm Beach, Fla., March 14.—Fishing and golf constituted today's vacation program for President Harding before leaving by train for St. Augustine. Arrangements were made by the president to try his hand at fishing this morning and golf was expected to take up the greater part of the afternoon.

MURPHY NAMED AS SUCCESSOR TO J. L. CAHILL

Supt. of Grafton Schools is Appointed to State Board of Administration

LONG A SUPERINTENDENT

New Appointee is Democrat and School Man—Expected to Take Place Soon

R. B. Murphy, superintendent of schools of Grafton, Walsh county, has been appointed member of the state board of administration to succeed J. L. Cahill, who was declared to have forfeited his office because of failure to qualify by taking the oath of office and filing a bond. It was announced today at the governor's office.

Mr. Murphy will take his seat on the board as soon as he qualifies, it was said. The appointment is for the remainder of a six-year term, which began last July. Mr. Cahill is still serving on the board from a previous appointment.

The new appointee has been engaged in school work for 25 years, is a Democrat and member of the Democratic state committee. J. Nelson Kelly, of Grand Forks, formerly superintendent of schools there, was endorsed by the Democratic committee for the position. Mr. Kelly was unable to accept because business affiliations would not permit his removal from Grand Forks to Bismarck and he joined in the recommendation of Mr. Murphy, it was said.

Mr. Murphy graduated from a university in Nova Scotia, has taught school and been a school executive in North Dakota, and has occupied his present position at Grafton for several years. He has been active in Democratic politics, he having been a delegate to the San Francisco convention, a member of the resolutions committee there and is said to have been high man in the election in which he was named a delegate.

ASK MELLON TO TALK ON BONUS TO COMMITTEE

Comptroller Crissinger Also Is Summoned to Appear on Conflicting Statements

Washington, Mar. 14.—Secretary Mellon, Comptroller of the Currency and Governor Harding of the federal reserve board will be asked to appear before the house ways and means committee this afternoon to give further statements with regard to the bank loan provisions of the soldier's bonus.

Chairman Fordney said the bill would be reported out as soon as the three officials had been heard and he did not think the measure would be amended any further.

The matter is called in the three administration officers was made by Representative Garner, of Texas, ranking Democrat, and was adopted 13 to 11 after a sharp contest. Seven Republicans joined with six democrats in voting in the affirmative. Two Democrats voted against the motion.

In announcing that Secretary Mellon, Governor Harding and Comptroller Crissinger would appear before the commission in open session, Chairman Fordney said it had been decided to call them because they had made statements conflicting with one another.

The ways and means committee voted today the motion to reinstate the cash feature and to reimpose the excess profits tax.

And another motion to restore the war-time income surtax rate of 65 per cent. These were said to have been the only important amendments brought up.

Immediately afterward the house convened, discussion of the bonus measure was participated in.

DEMURRER IN CASE FILED

A demurrer was filed in federal court today in the case against Leslie Simpson and Ted Hartung, of Stark county known as the "box car." The demurrer was argued this afternoon. Judge Miller also has under consideration the plea in abatement and motion quash filed in this case.

The case of Jacob Verburgh, who is suing the Beulah Coal Mining company for \$52,000, was to go to jury this afternoon. After argument between attorneys Judge Miller held under the statutes the case should go to the jury.

Canvass Capital.

Six women employees of the capital made the solicitation there yesterday afternoon in behalf of the Jewish relief committee. Judge A. M. Christianson and Secretary of State Thomas Hall enlisting their assistance. Those participating were Mrs. E. Dupuis, Fannie Slatery, Misses McDonald, Hilde, Alfson and McQuillan. Their solicitation was successful.

GET THE "KICK" AND AVOID THE LAW, IS MOONSHINER'S SLOGAN, GOVERNMENT CHEMIST FINDS IN INVESTIGATION

Anything Will Do For Still So Long As It Can Be Destroyed Quickly, and Anything is Good For Mash That Provides a Wallop-Denatured Alcohol Now Being Used By Home-Brewers

Ingenuity of man is reflected in the numerous methods used in constructing "hooch" stills and the reckless abandon of one in search of the "kick" is shown in the ingredients used and carelessness with which it is made, says C. J. West, of Minneapolis, government chemist, who has examined about every variety of moonshine concocted in the Northwest. Mr. West is in Bismarck attending sessions of federal court and will be a witness before the grand jury.

CITY BODY IN DISCUSSION OF WATER HEARING

Two Members To Interview Railroad Commissioners On Methods of Procedure

TO COMBAT INCREASE

Two members of the city commission, Commissioners Thompson and Larson, were delegated by the commission at its meeting last night to meet members of the railroad commission and ascertain the extent of the inquiry to be made in connection with the water hearings set for May 1. This was decided upon after discussion over the employing of an accountant or a utility rate man in the case.

It had been suggested by City Attorney O'Hare that an accountant be employed.

L. P. Hunt, engaged in utility practice, appeared before the commission relative to employment in the matter, and suggested an investigation of all phases of the matter should be made, going behind the books of the water company. Mr. Hunt said he had been engaged in utility practice for the cities of Minot, Grand Forks, Fargo and others in this state and larger cities in other states. Among other cases he said he had worked on the telephone cases for the railroad commission, in which he said the commission did not have funds to make a complete investigation, that the telephone company refused to furnish the commission with certain information and then took the case into federal court and the commission was unable to do anything. The increase was granted in this case by an injunctive order. The case is to be heard on its merits soon, he said, and the commission had hopes of defeating the rate increases asked by the North Dakota Independent and Northwestern Bell Telephone companies.

Asks If Help Asked.

Commissioner Thompson wanted to know if the citizens who instituted the water cases wished help, saying none had appeared before the commission. Commissioner French said one had spoken to him last Monday, saying they intended to ask aid. Commissioner Thompson said he was willing to spend any money necessary if the taxpayers wished it, but wanted to know just what the city was going to do, saying that the city got in a mess in the last case and started in expecting a small cost and spent several thousand dollars for attorney and other fees.

President Lenhart said the city ought to combat the rate increase plea, as it would involve an increase of \$50,000 a year or more in water rates. The opinion was general that the commission ought to take action in the case.

Commissioner Thompson asked what had become of the other cases in which the city expended several thousand dollars for attorney fees. City Attorney O'Hare said the appeal from the previous order increasing the rates 60 per cent was still pending in district court, that one case was thrown out of federal court and that another case, that to cancel the franchise, was pending but there appeared not much use to pursue it.

To Hold Meeting

Commissioner Larson suggested that the city commissioners confer with the railroad commission to ascertain just what the situation would be with respect to a hearing, and Commissioner Thompson, seconded the motion.

A special meeting will be held at 2 o'clock Wednesday to consider employment of additional help in the case.

City Attorney O'Hare had informed the commission that a stipulation was about to be entered to permit the record in the previous water case, embracing several hundred pages, to be included in this case to aid the commission and save time.

The hearing, which had been set for March 30, was postponed by the commission. (Continued on Page 3)

GOVERNOR ON SHORT TRIP

Governor R. A. Nestos has left for a short trip, during which he will speak at a community gathering at Finley, Steele county, Tuesday night, go to Grand Forks Wednesday to attend to state business and attend a reunion of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity at the University of North Dakota, and perhaps go to Duluth for one day's session of the Rotary convention, he being on the program.

NINE KILLED IN OKLAHOMA TOWN TORNADO SWEPT

Louisiana Towns Reported Practically Obliterated and Many Persons Killed

ARKANSAS ALSO IN PATH

Several Negroes Reported Killed at Pine Bluff, Arkansas, in Tornado

McAllister, Okla., Mar. 14.—Nine persons were killed and a number seriously injured by a tornado that leveled a path through Gowen, a mining village 15 miles east of here last night according to F. W. Sames, who returned to his home today after assisting in relief work at the stricken town last night.

Baton Rouge, La., Mar. 14.—Sunrise, Louisiana, and West Baton Rouge parish was practically obliterated this morning by a tornado. Two persons were killed, 16 injured and a number of dwellings blown down.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Mar. 14.—At least six negroes and several whites were injured in a tornado which passed through the northern part of this county early today. The storm passed through northeastern Jefferson and southeastern Lonoke county about 1 a. m. wrecking farm houses and buildings, according to passengers arriving on a train from the storm section this morning.

Wires in the storm area are down and details are meager.

The settlement of Gethesemena near the Lonoke county line was the scene of the worst damage.

RELIEF WORKERS SENT

Wilburton, Okla., Mar. 14.—A party of doctors and relief workers left here early today for Gowen and supplies are being sent by the Red Cross. The village has a population of 700.

ONE KILLED AT SULPHUR

Sulphur, Okla., Mar. 14.—One man was killed and 50 injured by a tornado that swept the outskirts of Sulphur last night.

TORNADO HITS TOWN.

Baton Rouge, La., March 14.—A tornado hit the settlement of Sunrise, near here, this morning, killing one person and injuring eight.

FORT SCOTT FLOODED.

Fort Scott, Kan., March 14.—A rain of 3.5 inches here yesterday and last night caused a flood of the Marmon river and Mill creek which inundated north Fort Scott. People moved out of that district and it was almost depopulated today with water flowing through it.

WHEAT KING OF U.S. EXPORTS

Analysis Shows That More Wheat Exports Than in Previous Years

Washington, March 14.—Wheat was king of American agricultural exports in 1921.

In an analysis of the 1921 exports of 32 of the principal agricultural products grown in the United States made public by the Department of Agriculture it is shown that more wheat was exported during last year than in any preceding year in the history of the country and that for the first time export value of wheat and wheat flour exceeded the value of cotton exports.

Exports of corn in 1921, including corn meal, were larger than in any year since 1900.

CLOSING IN UPON REBELS

Government Forces Gaining The Upper Hand in South Africa

London, March 14.—Government forces are closing in on the revolutionaries from the east and west, according to advices from South Africa. The main center of resistances are now at Portburg and in Jettstown, where the government forces are opposed by heavily armed rebel commandos.

GOVERNMENT GAINS UPPER HAND

Johannesburg, March 14.—(By the Associated Press).—Government forces captured Brakpan yesterday afternoon. It has been a revolutionary stronghold and is 22 miles east of Johannesburg.

The commandos at Fortburg, five miles west of this place, have been notified by the government that they must evacuate their position by 11 o'clock this morning, failing which they will be subject to bombardment.

JAMESTOWN HAS CLUB

Jamestown, N. D., March.—The Jamestown Radio Club has been organized here with the following officers: Marshall McCarrill, president; Ernest Ellison, vice-president; and Henry Smith, secretary and treasurer.

CONFERENCE ON LIGNITE RATES TO BE CALLED

Railroad Commission to Have Hearing in Next Two or Three Weeks Here

TAKE UP DIFFERENCES

A conference will be called by the state railroad commission to meet within the next two or three weeks to discuss the question of freight rates on lignite coal, produced in western North Dakota. It was announced today.

Representatives of all railroads operating in the state, coal operators and others are expected to attend the conference. Chairman Milhollan said today.

Questions to be discussed include differences in rates from various mines in the western part of the state, the increased disparity in differentials caused by the flat 35 per cent increase in rates and adjustment of rates for shipment of coal into South Dakota.

According to the chairman, an effort will be made to get the railroads to agree on an adjustment of rates, not intended to reduce the revenue of the railroads. Some students of the railroad rate on lignite hold that lignite should be given a lower classification and a rate based upon that in comparison to higher grade eastern coal, which would enable the lignite producers to compete with eastern coal on more favorable terms in eastern North Dakota and Minnesota while others hold that the lignite rates already are generally on a lower basis than some other commodities.

Another question which may come before the conference is the switching charge on lignite from mines which are located from one to two miles from a railroad main line, it being alleged by some operators that the charge is higher than is justified.

No action has been taken in the matter of combination rate for shipment of lignite coal from western North Dakota mines to points on the Midland Continental railroad running south from Jamestown. A conference was held Saturday, but no agreement reached. Further efforts will be made to reach agreement. If these fail the railroad commission will ask for an interstate commerce commission order for a combination rate which would reduce the freight charge, it was said.

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY AWAY AHEAD OF 1921

February construction activity was 73 per cent greater in volume than it was in the corresponding month of last year, according to the U. S. Census Bureau. The total amount of construction in the country amounted to \$176,365,000, an increase of 70 per cent over January and the second largest February total on the Dodge Company's record.

A significant feature of the February construction record is the increase in business buildings over January. The increase in square feet of space constructed for was 30 per cent, and the increase in total cost was 55 per cent. February business buildings amounted to \$39,180,000, or 22 per cent of the month's total, an unusually high percentage for this class, which was exceeded only by residential building, amounting to \$75,703,000, or 43 per cent of the total. Public works and utilities took third place, amounting to \$21,193,000, or 12 per cent of the total.

The accumulated volume of construction since the first of the year has been 60 per cent greater than in the first two months of last year. Contemplated new work reported in the first two months has amounted to over eight hundred million dollars, more than double the amount of work placed under contract in the same period.

President of Oakland Motor Car Co. Talks On Six-Cylinder Cars

"The fact that 60 per cent of all automobiles manufactured are of the six-cylinder type indicates to me the unmistakable trend of the automobile industry to standardize to a greater extent every year on the six-cylinder car."

Thus George H. Hannum, president

Don't Neglect a Cold

Mother, don't let colds get underway at the first cough or sniffle rub Musterole on the throat and chest.

Musterole is a pure, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It draws out congestion, relieves soreness, does all the work of the good old-fashioned mustard plaster in a gentler way, without the blister.

Keep a jar handy for all emergencies, it may prevent pneumonia in your home. 35¢ in jars & tubes; hospital size, \$3.

BETTER THAN A MUSTARD PLASTER

CHARGE TRUST LAW VIOLATION

New York, March 13.—The United Gas Improvement Company, the Welsbach Company, the City's Illuminating Company, Inc., and eight individuals were indicted today by a federal grand jury on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law.

Says Woman's Place Is Also In Public Service



MISS DOROTHY DEACON

Chicago, Mar. 13.—Mrs. Mary Belle Spencer, well known lawyer and public guardian of Cook county, has tossed her bonnet into the political ring. She filed her petition as a Republican candidate for congressman-at-large to complete the term of the late William E. Mason.

Mrs. Spencer agrees that the woman's place is in the home just as long as it is necessary to attend to the welfare of her children. "But after that," she says, "the woman's place is in the office, politics, the legislature or wherever she may be of public service."

She plans to campaign throughout the state, taking her two little children with her.

of the Oakland Motor Car company, sums up his belief in the future of the six-cylinder motor car as the predominating car of the day.

"After all," he explains, "the automobile manufacturers follow the desire of the motoring public. It seems to me that the average motorist feels he is getting away from the vibration of the car of fewer cylinders with a six-cylinder car and that likewise a six-cylinder car runs more smoothly and quietly than the car of fewer cylinders.

"In the days gone by the motorists believed that the average six-cylinder car had power but likewise had tremendous weight. This objection has now been overcome in many of the six-cylinder cars of today, which have all the performance of their predecessors but have in addition a very desirable lightness.

"There is, too, in the real reputable six-cylinder cars of today a dependability that cannot be beaten. And there is value, too, for manufacturers today as never before must put the highest quality into their product. Only the manufacturers who put this high value, in material, workmanship and design into their cars will survive.

"The motorist wants a guarantee that will protect his investment—that will assure him uninterrupted service in the Oakland, for instance, we are giving a guarantee against what is commonly called oil pumping. We believe the motorist should have this guarantee to show how we stand back of our product, particularly in respect to such a vital matter, such a common cause of annoyance to the motorists."

THE NORTHWEST

February building contracts in Minnesota, the Dakotas and Northern Michigan amounted to \$4,898,000, an increase of 60 per cent over the January figure, and of 62 per cent over February, 1921. It was the second largest February total recorded.

Last month's figures included: \$1,853,000, or 38 per cent for educational buildings; \$1,108,000, or 23 per cent, for public works and utilities, and \$875,000, or 18 per cent for residential buildings.

Contemplated new work reported in February amounted to \$15,073,000, more than three times the amount of contracts awarded.

RELIEF FUND GIVEN \$2,200 BY CITIZENS

Gratification Is Expressed Over Results of Campaign for Jewish Relief

The tag day conducted Saturday by a ladies committee under the direction of Mrs. A. M. Christianson for the benefit of the Jewish Relief fund netted \$201.00. Mrs. Christianson reported today. The ladies were heartily thanked by Alex. Rosen, county chairman, and P. D. Fields and H. J. Daemeland, city chairman, of the campaign.

The total amount thus far realized from general subscriptions to the relief fund for the aid of starving children in eastern Europe is about \$2,000, it was said. Some committees have not completed their canvass. Persons in territory where the committees have not made a canvass, or persons who have been missed and would like to add their bit to the fund to relieve suffering, may either give to members of the committee or to A. S. Bolster, county treasurer.

Alex. Rosen, county chairman, today expressed gratification over the manner in which local people responded to the call for the aid of the starving, and expressed himself highly pleased with the amount thus far subscribed for the fund. The campaign will be continued until all persons have had an opportunity to give.

AD CLUB HEAD TO COME HERE

Charles H. MacIntosh Will Speak on Retailing in Bismarck

Charles H. MacIntosh, president of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, will speak in Bismarck in May, probably under the joint auspices of the Town Criers and Rotary clubs, according to information received by G. N. Keniston, secretary of the Town Criers club. His subject will be "Retailing." Mr. MacIntosh, elected president of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World last year ago, declared his intention of visiting every advertising club affiliated with the organization during his term of office, and already has traveled thousands of miles. The Town Criers club is affiliated with the Associated Advertising clubs.

JOHNSON HITS 4-POWER PACT

Washington, March 13.—Assailing the four power treaty as a quadruple alliance, Senator Hiram Johnson, Republican, California, told the senate that its ratification would not be only a recession from American traditions but a national surrender under threats of foreign powers.

U. S. LEGATION IS BOMBED

Sofia, Bulgaria, March 13.—(By the Associated Press)—Both police and the American minister, Charles Wilson, believes the explosion in the American legation here Saturday night was due to a bomb thrown by a mad man or by radicals seeking revenge for the American policy in regard to Soviet Russia.

U. S. ENTITLED TO REPARATION PAY

Washington, March 13.—It was stated on highest authority that the American government does not intend to allow the allies to take all that Germany can pay in reparations and leave nothing for the United States as recompense for expenditures incurred in the occupation of the Rhineland.

Such a position on the part of the allies would be indefensible, as it could not be maintained for a moment either morally or legally. The further statement was made that the American forces remain in the Rhineland at the expressed request of the allied governments.

GRAND OPENING

SHOWING

MOTOR CARS

FRIDAY - SATURDAY - SUNDAY

MARCH 17 MARCH 18 MARCH 19

We Have Just Received Another Shipment of NASH Cars

We now have the complete line of NASH cars in stock—the Nash Four—Nash Six—Sport Model—Roadster and Sedan—and we want the public to see these various Nash Models and know the exceptional values they represent.

Don't miss this Grand Opening—Don't forget the days

Lahr Motor Sales Company

SHOW ROOM OPEN EVENINGS

ment either morally or legally. The further statement was made that the American forces remain in the Rhineland at the expressed request of the allied governments.

ARRESTED ON ARSON CHARGE

Gottlieb Bersch, of Stanton, has been arrested on complaint made by O. T. Haakenson, chief assistant fire marshal, charged with arson. It is alleged that Bersch had set fire to his dwelling house for the purpose of getting insurance. Haakenson said kerosene soaked gunny sack were found and that the building was set on fire twice in one night.

LERUM TO LEAD BISMARCK U. C. T

The Bismarck council uniting Commercial Travelers, in meeting Saturday night, elected officers for the year as follows:

Senior counselor—O. H. Lerum.
Past counselor—A. E. Brink.
District grand deputy—Felix Ulmen.
Junior counselor—J. L. Bankston.
Conductor—J. Gajls.
Page—E. B. Gorman.
Sentinel—A. C. Martin.

Members executive board—William Hanewald (re-elected), T. J. Fahreny.

The meeting was attended by a large number of members of the organization, which is in a flourishing condition.

MADALYNNE TO AGAIN TESTIFY

Los Angeles, Calif., March 13.—Madalynne Obenshain, after two days' rest in the county jail, was scheduled today to again face prosecution attorneys in further cross-examination.

SUPREME COURT DISMISSES ERROR WRIT OF HOWATT

Washington, March 13.—The supreme court today dismissed the writ of error by which Alexander Howatt and other labor leaders sought to have reviewed the decision of the Kansas state court holding them guilty of contempt of court for their refusal to appear before the court of industrial relations.

SPUD GROWERS FORM COMPANY

Drake, N. D., March 13.—The Broadview Potato Marketing Association was recently completed in Drake, with John Hald, president; C. J. Olstad, vice president; C. H. Burch, treasurer, and directors as follows: John Hald, L. E. Goodlaxon, C. J. Olstad, H. London and O. P. Lommen.

The organization is now ready to put on a membership drive at \$5 per member. A person does not necessarily have to be a potato grower to join.

TO LEASE LANDS

Washburn, N. D., March 13.—McLean county farmers will be given

Grain Growers Sales Co. Formed

The U. S. Grain Growers Sales Company, of Wilmington, Del., understood to have been formed to enable the organization to hold seats on grain exchanges, has filed its articles of incorporation in North Dakota, and states that it intends to do business in Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma and South Dakota. H. B. Fuller, of Fargo, is named agent in North Dakota.

NO STATEMENT, SAYS LOPTHUS

O. E. Lofthus, when informed of the issuance of warrants at Fargo said that he had nothing to say at this time. Mr. Lofthus is at his home here at this time, now being engaged in business. He recently has been engaged in some special banking work in the northern part of the state.

NORTHWESTERN PROHIBITION DEPT. TO BE REVIVED

Minneapolis, March 13.—The northwestern prohibition department, consisting of the five states of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa and Nebraska, which was abolished last July 15 to be revived with the former supervising agent in charge, according to word received here.

BANK STATEMENTS ARE CALLED FOR

Washington, Mar. 13.—The Comptroller of the treasury issued a call for the condition of all national banks at the close of business Friday, March 10th.

TRIBUNE WANTS—FOR RESULTS

WHOOPIING COUGH

No "cure"—but helps to reduce paroxysms of coughing.

VICKS

One 14 million Jars Used Yearly

Running the Factory

To help turn the great wheels of industry, there is perhaps no single instrument that compares with the telephone.

The telephone keeps the factory in constant touch with the jobbing house, with the homes of its employees and officials, and with distant cities, towns and villages.

Of all modern conveniences for saving time and effort, none perhaps is worth as much for the money spent as is your telephone.

NORTH DAKOTA INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE CO.

A Reward for Saving

The First Guaranty Bank has a limited number of Imperial Dictionaries, the most comprehensible authentic Dictionary of its size ever issued, which they are giving, ABSOLUTEY FREE, to anyone depositing \$5.00, or more, to a Savings Account. All that is necessary is simply to deposit \$5.00 or more to a Savings Account and receive a leather bound, very convenient and extraordinary complete Dictionary as a reward for your saving.

Saving is the Secret, and Knowledge is the Foundation to SUCCESS. Let us assist you in acquiring these fundamentals. You will have to see the Dictionary to appreciate it, and with the savings deposit you make you will be establishing a thrift habit, which if continued will reward you with Success.

Your deposit earns 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly.

FIRST GUARANTY BANK

F. A. LAHR, Prest. E. V. LAHR, V. P. J. P. WAGNER, Cashier.

TO NEW BRIDGE

City Engineer Presents Figures to City Commission Without Recommendation

MANY ELEMENTS ENTER

Various Features of Cost of the Two Highways is Given in The Report

City Engineer T. R. Atkinson submitted to the city commission last night without recommendation a report on the cost of a road from Rosser street to the Bismarck-Mandan bridge. A petition had been filed by W. E. Perry and others asking that an estimate of the cost be prepared.

The report in full follows:

To the Honorable Board of City Commissioners, Bismarck, North Dakota: Gentlemen: On January 30th, 1922, I referred to me a petition signed by W. E. Perry and 32 others asking the City Engineer to make surveys and study comparing the cost of the proposed road leading from the intersection of Washington Avenue and Main Street to the Missouri River bridge, known as Federal Aid Project Number 136, and the proposed road on Rosser Street to the above named bridge.

Complying with your instructions I have made a preliminary survey on Rosser Street from the end of the concrete paving at Griffin Street to the bridge, and you herewith plan and profile of this road. I have shown on this profile a grade line showing an underpass at the crossing of the main line of the Northern Pacific railroad, and a grade line showing a grade crossing at the railroad. Both lines are designed to meet the specifications of Federal Aid roads.

Underpass Line.—Following the railroad from the summit of the elevated ground one-fourth mile east of the bridge a descending five per cent grade is necessary for a distance of 900 feet and on approaching Griffin Street from the underpass an ascending grade of four per cent is necessary for a distance of 300 feet. In order that you may visualize these grades, I would advise that the grade on First Street from Avenue A to Avenue B, which is from the northeast corner of the Government residence to the northeast corner of the Henry Deumeland residence, is five per cent, and the grade on Fourth Street from Avenue B to Avenue C, which is from the southeast corner of the Government residence to the northeast corner of the Frank Grambs residence, is four per cent. The approach to the bridge on the Mandan side of the river is five per cent.

The distance from the bridge approach to Griffin Street is 3,550 feet, and I have designed the roadway to be 30 feet wide, in order to provide a 30 foot roadway through the cut at the underpass. It is 149 feet wide on the east side of the bottom, and in order to dispose of the earth in this cut I have designed all fills exceeding three feet in height.

All side slopes are designed to be one and one-half to one.

Wooden guard rails are designed for all fills exceeding three feet in height.

A detailed estimate of the cost of this road is as follows:

2 acres of plowing and harrowing at \$20.00.....	\$ 40.00
32,558 cubic yards of earth excavation at \$20.....	10,516.56
2,170 cubic yards of gravel at \$3.00.....	6,450.00
1,120 linear feet of wooden guard rail at \$3.50.....	\$40.00
50 cubic yards of structural excavation for culvert at \$1.50.....	75.00
61,122 cubic yards of concrete for culvert at \$30.00.....	1,833.60
4,638 pounds of reinforcing steel for culvert at 17c.....	347.65
Total.....	\$20,223.01
Engineering and contingencies, 10%.....	2,022.30
Underpass.....	\$22,245.31
Total.....	\$22,245.31

Grade Crossing Line.—In approaching Griffin Street from the grade crossing of the railroad there is a five per cent descending grade from the railroad for a distance of 300 feet, and then an ascending five per cent grade for 300 feet. The roadway throughout the entire length, 3,550 feet, is designed to be 30 feet wide. In order that you may visualize these grades, I would advise that the grade on First Street from Avenue A to Avenue B, which is from the northeast corner of the Government residence to the northeast corner of the Henry Deumeland residence, is five per cent, and the grade on Fourth Street from Avenue B to Avenue C, which is from the southeast corner of the Government residence to the northeast corner of the Frank Grambs residence, is four per cent. The approach to the bridge on the Mandan side of the river is five per cent.

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All side slopes are designed to be one and one-half to one.

Wooden guard rails are designed for all fills exceeding three feet in height.

A detailed estimate of the cost of this road is as follows:

3 acres of plowing and harrowing at \$20.00.....	\$ 60.00
24,579 cubic yards of earth excavation at \$20.....	7,865.28
2,170 cubic yards of gravel at \$3.00.....	6,450.00
1,120 linear feet of wooden guard rail at \$3.50.....	\$40.00
40 cubic yards of structural excavation for culvert at \$1.50.....	60.00
49,333 cubic yards of concrete for culvert at \$30.00.....	1,479.90
3,507 pounds of reinforcing steel for culvert at 17c.....	263.03
Total.....	\$17,018.21
Engineering and contingencies, 10%.....	1,701.82
Road from the intersection of Washington Avenue and Main Street, Federal Aid Project Number 136.....	\$18,720.03

The proposed road leaves the bridge approach with a curve to the right following along the bluff and descends to the bottom land just on the east of the T. P. Baker farm house in Section Five. It passes under the main line of the Northern Pacific railroad with a sharp reverse curve, 900 feet west of the intersection

of Washington Avenue and Main Street, and follows along the right of way of the Northern Pacific to the intersection of the above named streets, a total distance of 5,500 feet. This road is designed with a 30 foot roadway. The cuts are designed with a 48 foot bottom and the fills are designed with a 30 foot top, except on fills over three feet in height, where they are designed 32 feet wide on top. Side slopes are one and one-half to one.

Wooden guard rails are designed for all fills over three feet in height.

The road is designed with a gravel top throughout its entire length.

The heaviest grade on this road is approximately Main Street from the underpass. This is an ascending grade of two and three-tenths per cent for a distance of 300 feet.

A detailed estimate of the cost of this road is as follows:

8 acres plowing and harrowing at \$20.00.....	\$ 160.00
15,614 cubic yards of earth excavation at \$20.....	5,008.80
3,230 cubic yards of gravel at \$3.00.....	9,670.00
2,068 linear feet of wooden guard rail at \$3.50.....	1,551.00
10 cubic yards of rip rap at \$5.00.....	50.00
2 inlets at \$25.00.....	50.00
471.3 linear feet of concrete curb with gas pipe railing at \$3.50.....	1,649.55
319 cubic yards of structural excavation for culverts at \$1.50.....	478.50
149.05 cubic yards of concrete for culvert at \$30.00.....	4,471.50
8,974 pounds of reinforcing steel at 17c.....	673.05
Total.....	\$23,979.40
Engineering and contingencies, 10%.....	2,397.94
Underpass.....	\$26,000.00
Total.....	\$26,000.00

The total estimated cost of each road designed with gravel top is as follows: Rosser Street Underpass Line, \$22,245.31; Rosser Street Railroad Grade Crossing Line, \$18,720.03; Main Street Line (Federal Aid Project Number 136), \$52,377.34. Should it be determined to pave either one of these roads with reinforced concrete, 30 feet wide with a curb on either side of the roadway, instead of using a gravel top, the total cost of each road, figuring savings at \$3.00 per square yard and concrete curb at 50c per foot, would be as follows: Rosser Street Underpass Line, \$84,845.31; Rosser Street Railroad Grade Crossing Line, \$131,320.03; Main Street Line, Federal Aid Project Number 136, \$105,908.34.

In considering the two proposed roads from the viewpoint of one of them being used as a through traffic line for the National Parks Highway, I wish to advise as follows:

Road from the intersection of Washington Avenue and Main Street, Federal Aid Project Number 136.

From the end of the bridge to the paving is 5 feet. Should Main Street be the through traffic route of the National Parks Highway there would be paving from as through traffic line for the National Parks Highway, a distance of 3,960 feet, and a gravel surfaced road from Ninth Street to the city limits, a distance of 6,500 feet.

Grade Crossing.

There would be on this line three grade crossings, which cannot be eliminated.

one at the International Harvester Building between Washington and Mandan Avenues, one at the Northern Pacific and "So" Line switch at Fifteenth Street, and one on the "South Soo" Line between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets.

In order to avoid further grade crossings should Main Street be used as a through traffic line, I would recommend that at the point where Main Street intersects the east city limits, an entire section of the road be constructed across Section Two and north of the State Penitentiary to the southeast corner of said section. On this line it would be necessary to construct an overhead crossing on the "North Soo" just on the west edge of the Penitentiary brick yard. This overhead crossing would cost not to exceed \$8,600.00.

Length.

The entire length of each of the two lines (the Rosser Street line and the Main Street line) from the Missouri River Bridge to the southeast corner of Section Two is practically the same.

Snow Trouble.

I believe that trouble from snow in the cuts on each of the two lines (assuming that the underpass line is constructed on Rosser Street) will be about the same, should the grade crossing line on Rosser Street be used this trouble from snow would be much less than on the proposed line to Main Street.

Federal Aid.

No Federal Aid can be given on a railroad underpass. On the proposed road from Main Street and Washington Avenue to the river it is understood that the railroad company pays one-half of the cost of the underpass and the county the other half. Of the remaining cost of this road, estimated at \$28,377.34, the county will pay one-half and Federal Aid is expected to be granted for the remaining one-half. At the present time no state aid is anticipated on this project, as Burleigh county's share of state aid has been used in the construction of the Missouri River Bridge. If later on it is found that there is a balance in state aid to Burleigh county's credit, it can be used, if requested, on this road.

I noted above that no Federal Aid can be granted on a railroad underpass. In the case of an overhead crossing of a railroad, Federal Aid can be granted. Respectfully submitted,

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Columbus of Ohio Who Just Returned From Rome, Where He Was the First American Layman to Have an Audience With Pope Plus XI.

New York, March 14.—The first impression one gets when His Holiness Pope Plus XI enters the audience chamber at the Vatican is that in him is the ideal of the world-figure one has traveled thousands of miles to see.

He is tall and firmly built, with a strongly intellectual face and deep, penetrating eyes. His voice is deep, and I observed that his teeth are perfect—a rare thing in a man in the middle sixties.

His Holiness speaks perfect English. I heard him, on the day he received me, speak in English, French and, of course, Italian, and at the same time acknowledge the greeting of a distinguished-looking Austrian in the Austrian's native tongue.

Everywhere in Rome cultured Italians had told me how much they looked forward to the entry of the Knights of Columbus into welfare work there. The late Pope Benedict looked forward with the keenest interest to the advent of the K. of C., a select body of whom had visited him on their pilgrimage in August, 1920. Now Pope Plus will witness the inauguration of the work.

"You come from Toledo, Ohio, not Toledo, Spain," the Pope said to me, after I had made my obsequious and been introduced. "It is in your great middle west of which I have heard and read much."

The purity of his pronunciation of

of Washington Avenue and Main Street, and follows along the right of way of the Northern Pacific to the intersection of the above named streets, a total distance of 5,500 feet. This road is designed with a 30 foot roadway. The cuts are designed with a 48 foot bottom and the fills are designed with a 30 foot top, except on fills over three feet in height, where they are designed 32 feet wide on top. Side slopes are one and one-half to one.

Wooden guard rails are designed for all fills over three feet in height.

The road is designed with a gravel top throughout its entire length.

The heaviest grade on this road is approximately Main Street from the underpass. This is an ascending grade of two and three-tenths per cent for a distance of 300 feet.

A detailed estimate of the cost of this road is as follows:

8 acres plowing and harrowing at \$20.00.....	\$ 160.00
15,614 cubic yards of earth excavation at \$20.....	5,008.80
3,230 cubic yards of gravel at \$3.00.....	9,670.00
2,068 linear feet of wooden guard rail at \$3.50.....	1,551.00
10 cubic yards of rip rap at \$5.00.....	50.00
2 inlets at \$25.00.....	50.00
471.3 linear feet of concrete curb with gas pipe railing at \$3.50.....	1,649.55
319 cubic yards of structural excavation for culverts at \$1.50.....	478.50
149.05 cubic yards of concrete for culvert at \$30.00.....	4,471.50
8,974 pounds of reinforcing steel at 17c.....	673.05
Total.....	\$23,979.40
Engineering and contingencies, 10%.....	2,397.94
Underpass.....	\$26,000.00
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one at the International Harvester Building between Washington and Mandan Avenues, one at the Northern Pacific and "So" Line switch at Fifteenth Street, and one on the "South Soo" Line between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets.

In order to avoid further grade crossings should Main Street be used as a through traffic line, I would recommend that at the point where Main Street intersects the east city limits, an entire section of the road be constructed across Section Two and north of the State Penitentiary to the southeast corner of said section. On this line it would be necessary to construct an overhead crossing on the "North Soo" just on the west edge of the Penitentiary brick yard. This overhead crossing would cost not to exceed \$8,600.00.

Length.

The entire length of each of the two lines (the Rosser Street line and the Main Street line) from the Missouri River Bridge to the southeast corner of Section Two is practically the same.

Snow Trouble.

I believe that trouble from snow in the cuts on each of the two lines (assuming that the underpass line is constructed on Rosser Street) will be about the same, should the grade crossing line on Rosser Street be used this trouble from snow would be much less than on the proposed line to Main Street.

Federal Aid.

No Federal Aid can be given on a railroad underpass. On the proposed road from Main Street and Washington Avenue to the river it is understood that the railroad company pays one-half of the cost of the underpass and the county the other half. Of the remaining cost of this road, estimated at \$28,377.34, the county will pay one-half and Federal Aid is expected to be granted for the remaining one-half. At the present time no state aid is anticipated on this project, as Burleigh county's share of state aid has been used in the construction of the Missouri River Bridge. If later on it is found that there is a balance in state aid to Burleigh county's credit, it can be used, if requested, on this road.

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I believe that trouble from snow in the cuts on each of the two lines (assuming that the underpass line is constructed on Rosser Street) will be about the same, should the grade crossing line on Rosser Street be used this trouble from snow would be much less than on the proposed line to Main Street.

Federal Aid.

No Federal Aid can be given on a railroad underpass. On the proposed road from Main Street and Washington Avenue to the river it is understood that the railroad company pays one-half of the cost of the underpass and the county the other half. Of the remaining cost of this road, estimated at \$28,377.34, the county will pay one-half and Federal Aid is expected to be granted for the remaining one-half. At the present time no state aid is anticipated on this project, as Burleigh county's share of state aid has been used in the construction of the Missouri River Bridge. If later on it is found that there is a balance in state aid to Burleigh county's credit, it can be used, if requested, on this road.

I noted above that no Federal Aid can be granted on a railroad underpass. In the case of an overhead crossing of a railroad, Federal Aid can be granted. Respectfully submitted,

Victim Reveals How Lindsay Wood Million From Women

WOMEN TRICKED BY LINDSAY.

Women induced by Alfred E. Lindsay to give him more than a million dollars for investment will be the principal witnesses against him at his trial in New York on a charge of swindling. He is under \$50,000 bond. His victims and the amounts which they are reported to have entrusted to him include:

Mrs. Lillian N. Duke	\$375,000
Mrs. Dorothy Atwood	70,000
Mrs. Helen Burnetts	31,000
Mrs. Adelaide V. Rice	25,000
Miss Charlotte Nilsson	20,000
Miss Margaret Bogert	18,000
Mrs. W. H. Arnold	17,000

How Lindsay, uncouth and uncultured, succeeded in winning a million from these women of all ages, tastes and social positions, is the puzzle of psychologists. His methods are revealed, however, in the accompanying exclusive interview which Mrs. Atwood has given Ruth Abeling of NEA Service.

BY RUTH ABELING

New York, March 14.—How did Alfred E. Lindsay, former strikebreaker once indicted for white slavery, win and hold the confidence of wealthy and intelligent women, to the point of getting control of their fortunes estimated, altogether, around a million dollars?

This question I asked Mrs. Dorothy Atwood, New York society woman, in her beautiful apartment just off Riverside Drive. Mrs. Atwood trusted Lindsay with \$70,000. And lost it. Her reply was:

"With dominance."

Mrs. Atwood is a Mexican, auburn-haired and petite. She has traveled in Europe and speaks four languages. She was left in comfortable circumstances when her husband died.

Lindsay Absolutely

Dominated Others

"Alfred Lindsay absolutely dominated any company with which he happened to be," continued Mrs. Atwood.

"He was not a cultured man. His English was bad. His figure was ungainly. He was too huge, too awkward."

"But he dominated! It amounted almost to defiance."

"When I met him at the home of Mrs. Lillian Duke, from whom he is said to have obtained several hundred thousand dollars, I had the feeling, 'Now here is a diamond in the rough.'"

"His voice was not pleasant. He was not suave, not finished, but he instantly began talking and held the center of interest. He was clever enough not to talk about himself, but about other important people."

"As we became better acquainted he talked of these important people in connection with his business. Naturally, when he had been well introduced and offered to invest money for me, I felt it was safe to trust him."

Knew the Hour of Least Resistance

"He was clever enough to study a woman's moods. He knew," said Mrs. Atwood, "in an almost uncanny way, with an almost psychic sense, the hour of least resistance. He knew, without asking, when things were not going just right."

"He never offered sympathy. That would have been crude, wouldn't it?" Mrs. Atwood smiled cynically. "But he took that moment for bigger things—for instance, for deciding that my jewels were unsafe in my own house."

"He came in that particular day," Mrs. Atwood went on, "and told me that I was wearing too many jewels, that it was unsafe for a woman alone as I am, to wear gorgeous jewelry, and he asked me if he might take it to his safe at the Astor where it would be out of harm's way."

"I objected. I flatly refused. But he simply took some of the most valuable pieces at which he had been looking and walked away with them!"

Who Could Be Fond Of a Man Like This?

"Fond of him?" Mrs. Atwood repeated the question. "Goodness, No! He had a red nose, great flabby jowls, gray eyes which were too light and too shifty. His chin was too short. The space from the base of his nose to his chin was amazingly short."

"Why, I think his mouth was the only good feature he had. That curved up a little at the corners and was thin-lipped, which accounts for his eternal optimism. One couldn't be fond of him, but he dominated and defied."

"And he was an excellent alibi, a wonderful fictionist gone wrong. He could tell you in the most convincing way that certain circumstances were

Trusted Lindsay With \$70,000



Mrs. Dorothy Atwood, society widow who tells how Alfred E. Lindsay separated herself and other victims from a million dollars.

preventing any return on your investment, explain it all, and I might have gone on believing for any length of time that all he said was true and that eventually big returns would come, if his vanity had not struck a false note."

Fond of Hands And Kept Them Well

"He was always very proud of his hands," said Mrs. Atwood, "and kept them well. His nails were a trifle too long and too shiny and he wore a huge sapphire on his right hand."

"One day, in shaking hands with him, my finger closed over that stone. It didn't have the clear, keen feeling of a genuine jewel."

"The nicked, almost pasty feeling of that stone made me think for the first time that Alfred Lindsay was not genuine himself!"

"I looked at him," continued Mrs. Atwood, "and I thought, 'Are you wearing fake jewelry? And are you like your jewels?'"

Asked why she continued to trust Lindsay, long after she began to doubt his reliability, Mrs. Atwood thought a moment.

"Probably it was because he used to come up here and cry like a child when he was in trouble!"

"During the periods that he was getting along well, he used to stammer. He was clumsy, too. Why he broke this chair! Yes!" she lifted a cushion out of a handsome corner chair and showed a seat broken through. "Yes, he broke that sitting in it! And he would sit in that particular chair though he knew he was breaking it and that I loved it myself!"

Drops Into Chair And Cries Like Child

"But one day—and there were many similar occasions—he came utterly broken. He was in trouble over something he had done with Mrs. Duke's money."

"The old defiance was gone," Mrs. Atwood went on, "he dropped down in the big chair and cried, cried like a child."

"He threw himself on my mercy, begged me to give him another chance to make good."

"After having given him thousands to invest and lost it," Mrs. Atwood was speaking slowly, "I borrowed more money for him."

"Alfred Lindsay knew when to stop dominating and put himself on one's mercy."

"That," concluded Mrs. Atwood, "is why he could continue so long to hold the confidence of women."

To See Rampolla Statue Finished Late Pope's Desire

Rome, Mar. 14.—Some incidents of the last two days of the illness of the late Pope Benedict XV have just become known. At intervals he was delirious and these were followed by periods of lucidity. He talked to the prelates at his bedside about various subjects so widely different with so little pause between them that they were unable always to discern whether he was in full possession of his faculties.

A few minutes after he had told Professor Battistina, "I would gladly give my life for the peace of the world," he turned to Cardinal Gasparri and said: "One of my greatest regrets upon leaving this earth is that I shall not live to see the completion of the statue of Rampolla, my great Master."

At another moment, evidently thinking of his nephew, Della Chiesa, who had insisted upon seeing the pope in spite of his own serious illness, he kept repeating, "Poor boy, poor boy, who knows whether he has enough money to pay the cab to bring him here." The Della Chesas are considered to be fairly well-to-do.

The Pope had taken the initiative last year of having a statue erected in the Vatican grounds to Cardinal Rampolla, had examined the plans and drawing himself and often called to watch the sculptor at his work.

Foreign Competition Promised Disaster

Santiago, Chile, March 14.—Coastwise shipping between Chilean ports excepting Punta Arenas, will be reserved exclusively to Chilean vessels.

TROTSKY'S RED ARMY TO MAKE RUSSIA CLEAN

Soviet War Minister Banishes Grease, Dirt, Beards and Long Hair

Moscow, March 14.—Leon Trotsky, the Soviet war minister, has launched a campaign to make Russia clean. He intends to do this through the Red Army.

Trotsky has banished grease and dirt, beards and long hair, shabby and ill-fitting clothes from the Red Army and now he wants to pass on the benefits of cleanliness to the entire population. Periodically, he gives the Russians a splendid example.

Trotsky's own clothes are a model of simplicity and neatness. He wears no insignia to show he is the commander-in-chief of the army. His jacket is of gray green army cloth, with a military air given by a closely buttoned, roll-down collar and military pockets. His trousers are tucked into a pair of lace half-boots. A square, medium-sized man, his large head and broad forehead would attract attention of the observing in many places but his clean appearance is notable in Russia, where living conditions have long conducted to neglect of one's appearance.

Trotsky claims that despite great strain of work he has been under for four years his health has improved. He certainly has improved in control of his nerves. He no longer gets excited. Also he has become a first-rate public speaker.

Bolshevik leaders have to do their work at night, sleep when they can and make stump speeches to a vast number of people who cannot read and who can be taught only by speeches. Instead of breaking down, Trotsky often speaks twice a day. He goes through setting-up exercises twice a day, walks or rides in an open automobile when he has the opportunity, gets regular sleep and never worries.

Trotsky is very keen at picking up

PROCLAMATION

AMERICAN LEGION EMPLOYMENT DAY

WHEREAS, There is a great deal of unemployment at the present time, and that among others, many members of the American Legion are without work, and

WHEREAS, Employment should be provided for all of these men who so loyally and efficiently served their country in the recent World War, whenever they desire to be employed, and

WHEREAS, General conditions are such that unless this problem is given special and intelligent attention, many legionnaires will be without the opportunity of earning a living:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, R. A. Nestos, Governor of the State of North Dakota, deem it especially appropriate at this time to set aside and proclaim:

March Twentieth

AMERICAN LEGION EMPLOYMENT DAY

and urge that upon that day, not only the officers and members of the American Legion, but every other citizen interested in the problem of finding profitable labor for these men make a survey of local conditions and direct the attention of the entire community to the problems confronting our people, and mobilize every available employment resource and enter upon every needful and useful work that will furnish employment in order that no member of the American Legion living in the Community and desiring work at reasonable wages, need go unemployed and to suffer in want because of such unemployment.

Done at the Capitol at Bismarck, this thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1923.

By the Governor:

R. A. NESTOS,
Governor.

(Great Seal)
Thomas Hall,
Secretary of State.

points in conversation, to controvert arguments advanced but so quick as to be almost quish. "He argues like a country lawyer," was the opinion expressed by some European journalists recently, after interviewing him.

DRESSMAKER SMASHES OLD TRADITION

Paris, March 14.—That little world of its own in Paris which has to do exclusively with the creation of women's clothing has been thrown into a high state of excitement through the recent "radical" departure of one of its leading members in inviting newspapermen to view his spring and summer dresses.

In doing so the dressmaker smashed a tradition as old as the Paris dress-

making business itself which has always boasted of the fact that it needed no newspaper to assist it to greatness.

The representatives of the press have been rigorously barred heretofore and many of the big establishments whose names are well known to American women have gone so far as to demand a special passport with a picture from all those who entered their establishments. Those few special fashion writers who have obtained admission were made to believe they had been highly honored.

Jean Patou, a young Frenchman with American ideas, decided recently that his associates were wrong. He therefore, arranged a special party, invited all the best-known newspapermen in Paris—foreign and French—and revealed to them the secrets of his art. Anyone was free to carry away a careful description of the gowns displayed.

Patous move has caused great dis-

THE time to watch the health of the most carefully is when she is young. Much depends upon the proper functioning of the organs of elimination. Let me give you a hint. If you detect the slightest tendency to constipation, by signs of biliousness, headache or restlessness, check it with a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN

THE FAMILY LAXATIVE

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a compound of Epsom Salts and other delicate laxative herbs with pepsin. It works gently, is free from griping, and contains no mercury and the cost is only about a cent a dose. Just try it.

HALF-OUNCE BOTTLE FREE

For every constipation, no matter how long it has been, if you do not require a laxative at this moment, let me send you a Half-Ounce Trial Bottle of my Syrup Pepsin FREE OF CHARGE, so that you will have it handy when needed. Simply send your name and address to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 1111 Washington St., Minneapolis, Minn. Write me today.

cussion in the Paris fashion world and there is much speculation as to whether it will force other dressmakers to open their doors to the press. Many well-known houses which have felt the pinch of recent hard times are wondering whether they are wrong.

Massachusetts has more single women than any other state.

Women could vote in city elections in Kansas as far back as 1887.

GIRLS! LEMONS WHITEN HANDS

Press the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, which any drug store will supply for a few cents, shake well, and you have a quarter-pint of harmless and delightful lemon-bleach lotion to soften and whiten red, rough or chapped hands. This home-made lemon lotion is far superior to glycerin and rose water to smoothen the skin. Famous stage beauties use it to bleach and bring that soft, clear, rosy-white complexion, because it doesn't irritate.



Keep that wedding day complexion

The blushing bride of today should be the blooming matron of tomorrow, retaining the charm of girlhood's freshness to enhance radiant maturity.

For bridal beauty should not fade, nor the passing of each anniversary be recorded on your face.

Keep the school-girl complexion which graced your wedding day, and you will keep your youth. With a fresh, smooth skin no woman ever seems old.

The problem of keeping such a complexion was solved centuries ago. The method is simple—the means within the reach of all.

Cosmetic cleansing the secret

To keep your complexion fresh and smooth you must keep it scrupulously clean. You can't allow dirt,

oil and perspiration to collect and clog the pores if you value clearness and fine texture.

You can't depend on cold cream to do this cleansing—repeated applications help fill up the pores. The best way is to wash your face with the mild, soothing lather blended from palm and olive oils, the cleansers used by Cleopatra.

Science has combined those two Oriental oils in the bland, balmy facial soap which bears their name. You need never be afraid of the effects of soap and water if the soap you use is Palmolive.

How it acts

The rich, profuse lather, massaged into the skin, penetrates the pores and removes every trace of the clogging accumulations which when neglected make the skin texture coarse and cause blackheads and blotches.

It softens the skin and keeps it flexible and smooth. It freshens and stimulates, encouraging firmness and attractive natural color.

Oily skins won't need cold cream or lotions after using Palmolive. If the skin is inclined to dryness, the time to apply cold cream is after this cosmetic cleansing.

And remember, powder and rouge are perfectly harmless when applied to a clean skin and removed directly once a day.

Don't use it only for your face

Complexion beauty should extend to throat, neck and shoulders. These are quite as conspicuous as your face for beauty or the lack of it.

Give them the same beautiful cleansing that you do your face and they become soft, white and smooth. Use it regularly for bathing and let it do for your body what it does for your face.

Not too expensive

Although Palmolive is the finest, mildest facial soap that can be produced, the price is not too high to permit general use on the washstand for bathing.

This moderate price is due to popularity, to the enormous demand which keeps the Palmolive factories working day and night and necessitates the importation of the costly oils in vast quantities.

Thus soap which would cost at least 25 cents a cake if made in small quantities is offered for only 10 cents, a price all can afford. The old-time luxury of the few may now be enjoyed by the world's use.

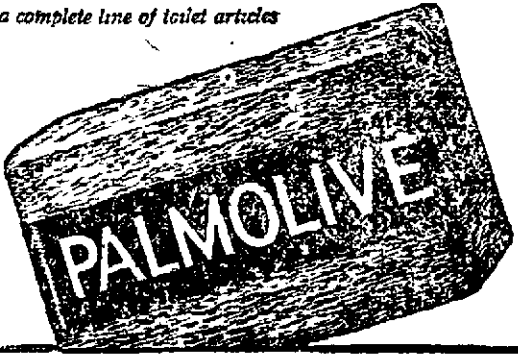
THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY, Milwaukee, U. S. A.

THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

Also makers of a complete line of toilet articles

Volume and efficiency produce 25-cent quality for only

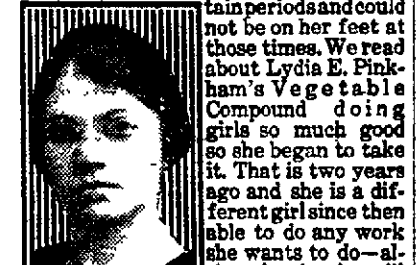
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GIRL NOW WELL AND STRONG

Daughter Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as Mother Advised

Wauson, Ohio.—"My daughter all ways had backache and leg-ache at certain periods and could not be on her feet at those times. We read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound doing girls so much good so she began to take it. That is two years ago and she is a different girl since then. She is able to do any work she wants to do—although she is still careful not to do heavy work—and so well and strong. We recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with ailing daughters, and I give you permission to publish this letter as a testimonial."—Mrs. A. M. BURKHOLDER, Route No. 2, Box 1, Wauson, Ohio.



Something out of balance will affect the finest clock, causing it to gain or lose. The proper adjustment made, all is well. So it is with women. Some trouble may upset you completely.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct the cause of the trouble and disagreeable symptoms will disappear as they did in the case of Mrs. Burkholder's daughter.

MOTHERS—It is worthy of your confidence.

Lindsay's Ways

TAKE IT FROM ME, YOU CAN'T WIN ON THIS!



HE DOMINATED WOMEN BY SHEER DOMINANCE



HE MISUSED HIS GRAMMAR WHEN EXCITED



HE CRIED LIKE A CHILD WHEN THINGS WENT WRONG



Snapshot of Alfred E. Lindsay and his ways with women victims as described by Mrs. Dorothy Atwood.

after January 1, 1923, under a law just passed by congress after long debate. The national mercantile marine fleet becomes a part of the naval reserve and may be expropriated in time of war.

Supporters of the measure look upon it as a necessity to save the national shipping lines from financial ruin in face of foreign competition.

Big Profits In Money Smuggling

Vienna, March 14.—he profits in money smuggling continue to tempt even well placed persons and keep the police busy trying to check it.

The authorities traced one trunk with false bottoms and slides containing about 5,000,000 kronen and arrested a trunk manufacturer who confessed he had made in his place 250 such specially designed receptacles and that he had personally packed 25 of them with money.

"CASHES IN" ON BUSINESS COURSE

His former teachers at Dakota Business College, Fargo, N. D., were gratified to hear of the election of J. J. Goehring as cashier of the Minnesota State Bank of Amboy. About 230 students of this unusual school are now bank officers, 40 of them being women.

Dakota Business College attracts a better class of students, gives better training, is called upon for help by the better class of firms. No wonder these graduates progress.

"Follow the Successful." Now is the time to begin. Write F. L. Watkins, Pres., 806 Front St., Fargo, N. D.



Social and Personal

HAVE GOOD MEETING.
A good attendance and a thoroughly enjoyable time were the features of the meeting of the Alumnae Association of the St. Alexius hospital held at the St. Alexius club rooms last evening. Discussion in connection with the coming graduation were taken up. Following the business meeting a social time was enjoyed. Refreshments were served at the close of the evening.

CARD PARTY TONIGHT.
The Business and Professional Women's club are giving a card party at the club rooms this evening for the members of the club. This is the regular party which was postponed from January on account of the rehearsals for the musical comedy put on by the club. Members have been invited for 8 o'clock.

LIGHT BEARERS WILL MEET.
The Light Bearers will meet on Wednesday afternoon at 5:15 in the Presbyterian church. Every member is asked to come and help prepare for the pageant. A missionary story will be told, which promises to be of interest to the members.

RETURNS TO HOME.
Mrs. A. L. Sanders of Mapleton, Minn., who has been visiting at the home of her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Berthoff of Baldwin, returned to her home this morning. Mrs. Sanders was called by the death of her little grandson.

HOLD BUSINESS MEETING.
A very important business meeting of the Presbyterian Ladies Aid will be held in the church parlors at 2:20 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. All members are urged to attend this meeting, which will be followed by a St. Patrick social at 3:30 o'clock.

DIVISIONS WILL MEET.
The four divisions of St. Mary's Sewing Circle will meet at the school auditorium on Wednesday afternoon. This is a special meeting and all members are asked to be present.

RETURNS TO MINNESOTA.
Mrs. A. L. Saunders of Minneapolis, Minn., who has been visiting in the city, the guest of her son, Mr. R. Saunders, returned to her home this morning.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIAL.
A St. Patrick's social will be given at the Presbyterian church on Thursday afternoon. All ladies of the city are extended a cordial invitation to attend.

CALLED TO DODGEN.
Mrs. Thomas Layben and her daughter, Miss Bertha Layben were called to Dodgen by the death of their daughter and sister.

REGAN VISITOR HERE.
O. R. Vold of Regan spent yesterday in Bismarck looking after matters of business interest here.

BRITTON VISITORS HERE.
Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Wehen of Britton, N. D., are visiting in the city for a few days.

LEAVES FOR FARGO.
J. G. Wallace, of the city, left yesterday for Fargo on a business trip.

MINOT VISITOR HERE.
Miss Cora Clarke of Minot, N. D., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

RUGBY VISITOR.
C. H. Bows of Rugby, N. D., is a visitor in the city for a few days.

TRANSACTION BUSINESS HERE.
F. L. Higbee of Balwin, N. D., transacted business in the city today.

HERE ON BUSINESS.
Melvin Ness of Sterling, N. D., is in Bismarck on a business visit.

HERE FROM PARSHALL.
C. E. Shubert of Parshall, N. D., is a visitor in the Capital City.

VISITING HERE.
Frank J. Seibel of Wilton, N. D., is visiting in the city.

FOOD SALE APRIL 1.
The Ladies Aid of the First Baptist church will hold their annual Easter sale on Saturday, April 1 at the Hotel.

Dance every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings at 8:30 at The Coliseum, formerly Baker's Hall, newly redecorated. 10c per dance.

WILL WED



The engagement of Princess Olga, oldest daughter of Prince Nicholas of Greece, and Crown Prince Christian Frederick of Denmark has just been announced by King Christian and Queen Alexandra. The prince is 23, the princess 19.

The Meyer store. Aprons, handkerchiefs and many other fancy articles will be on sale.

CITY NEWS

Purchases Roadster.
George Little of the First National bank has purchased a new Dodge roadster.

Baby Girl.
Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Mandigo of Braddock announce the arrival of a baby daughter at the Bismarck hospital.

Is Convalescing.
Mrs. Thomas C. Lauder, of 616 Avenue F, who has been very ill for the past two weeks, is now convalescing at her home.

Purchases Sixth Dodge.
J. L. George, who makes the North and South Soos for the Bismarck Grocery company is driving a new Dodge with a California winter top. This is the sixth new Dodge Mr. George has owned.

Receives Word of Death.
Mrs. C. A. Burton was advised by telegram yesterday afternoon of the death of her brother's widow, Mrs. Lenetta Loomis, of Augusta, Kan. Mrs. Loomis has visited in Bismarck, and her friends here will regret to learn of her death.

Company "A" Drill.
The first regular drill of Company "A" was held last night. Rifles were received within a few days from Jamestown, where there is a supply of the Jamestown company having been designated a machine gun company. Other equipment will be shipped from army bases soon.

Bismarck Hospital News.
Sharpe Pruett of Kulm, Ellen Hetjened of Tuttle, Ernest Olson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Olson of the city, Mrs. Jacob Heinz of Wishek, Mrs. J. Post of Golden Valley, Mr. and Mrs. Christian Art of Venturia, and E. C. Otte of New Salem, have entered the Bismarck hospital for treatment. Walford Ecklund of Washburn, has left the hospital for his home.

St. Alexius Hospital News.
Master Joseph Ferrington of Beulah, and Master William Moench of Ashley, underwent operations at the St. Alexius hospital. Wellsher Wirtz of the city, Emil Ratteff of Wishek, Mrs. Fred Roberson and baby of near Bismarck, Mrs. Otto Hogue and baby of Baldwin, and Louis Garske of near Bismarck, who have been patients at the hospital, have returned to their home.

The ownership of a New York Life Policy is evidence of a sound business head on the owner. Write or Phone B. E. Jones for rates. Phone 915.

PARTY SALADS

Sister Mary Tells How to Mix 'Em

(Sister Mary's Kitchen.)

You are having four or five tables of bridge or the sewing club in for the afternoon. Salad is the first thing you think of serving, being a woman, but you wonder just how much "it will take."

These rules are calculated to serve twenty-five.

Chicken Salad for Twenty-five
Ten pounds fowl, 4 heads celery, 2 cups oil, 8 tablespoons vinegar, 2 teaspoons salt, 1 teaspoon paprika, 1 can pimientos, 4 hard-boiled eggs, 1 bunch parsley, 3 cups mayonnaise.

Put chicken on to cook in boiling water. Use as little water as possible to prevent burning. Cook until tender but not falling from the bones. Care should be taken in choosing chickens for salads.

The chickens should be year-old hens if possible, but on no account choose a springer for the meat will simply cook to pieces and be impossible to cut in neat dice.

When chicken is tender, cool. Then remove meat and cut in dice. There should be about 8 cups. Chill oil and vinegar. Beat well, season with salt and paprika and pour over diced meat. Let stand in a cool place for an hour or two before mixing. Wash celery. Cut in dice and chill in cold water. Drain and dry on a towel.

If the celery is prepared in the morning and left wrapped in a towel until needed it will be very crisp. There should be as much celery as meat. Cut pimientos in matchlike strips. Wash parsley, drain and wrap in a towel to crisp. Mix chicken, celery, pimientos and enough mayonnaise to make moist.

Put crisp lettuce leaves on large chop plates and mound the salad on the lettuce. Mask with mayonnaise and cover with slices of hard-boiled egg and tiny tufts of parsley.

Salmon and Walnut Salad

Three cans salmon, 1 can little green peas, 4 cups walnut meats, 3 green peppers, 1/2 cup lemon juice, 1 teaspoon salt, 1/2 teaspoon paprika, 1/2 cup oil, 3 cups mayonnaise, 6 hard-boiled eggs.

Remove skin and bones from salmon and break in small pieces. Mix lemon juice, oil, salt and pepper and pour over fish. Let stand until thoroughly chilled. Plan to let the fish stand two hours before mixing.

Open peas and rinse well in cold water. Drain and dry between towels. Separate yolks from whites of eggs. Cut yolks in slices, being careful to keep them perfect, and chop whites. Add whites to peas and walnut meats.

Mix fish, peas, egg whites and nuts with enough mayonnaise to make moist. Cut the green peppers in petal shaped pieces. Mound the salad on crisp lettuce leaves on individual plates. Mask with mayonnaise and put a flower made of a slice of egg yolk as the center and the pepper petals.

Serve tiny white bread and butter sandwiches and brown bread and butter sandwiches with both of these salads. Ripe or green olives and salted nuts could be passed with the salad.

Scout Notes

TROOP 6.

Our last regular meeting was one full of "pep." First, some of the fellows demonstrated their ability on the horizontal bars, etc., in the gym, and we claim that they are right clever performers.

Then we spent the usual time in disposing of the troop's business, after which we adjourned to the gym again and spent a few minutes in good "snappy" drill.

In the future, we plan to have a program of games prepared for each meeting commencing next Friday night.

Let every one of the members be on deck and make it a real meeting.

Troop Two Methodist.

The Merit Badges of Troop Two have reached a total of 71. The latest are cooking and first aid, John Dingle, electricity, Carl Danrot, John Anderson and Henry Danrot. Merit Badge meeting is at the High School Tuesday, March 21.

Our scouts are making a very good record for taking tests. We lack but one scout of having a perfect first class patrol. This scout is a second class and has only a few more for first class. Troop 2 could not go out to our cabin Saturday because we could get no one to take us out. Scouts carrying equipment and axes could not walk 14 miles. Considering the weather many scouts are taking Merit badges. At the meeting March

New Spring Suits AND Coats

Fashion Park and Kuppenheimer

The Latest Designs Of

Now On Display

Here You Learn the Popular Styles for 1922.

MEN'S CLOTHES SHOP

Formerly Rosen's Clothes Shop.

McKenzie Hotel Block

Bismarck

21 a record number is being taken. The contest started Friday at the last meeting and no sergeant at arms was needed every Scout had perfect conduct. Scoutmaster Wallace did remind a few but every one in general did excellent. There were five uniforms worn at this meeting. Patrol 3 had 8 members present. Patrol 2 had 7 members and Patrol 1 had 6 members.

The new heating plant installed in the church makes it unnecessary for the scouts in charge of the scout room to heat by the stove. Anyone wishing to visit our scout meeting on Friday evening at 7:30 is cordially invited.

Household Hints

COCKTAIL

A very tasty fresh fruit cocktail can be made of grapefruit, white grapes and pineapple.

REMOVE IT

If the outer skin is removed from the lamb chops they will not have the strong taste some people object to.

SPORTS WEAR

For sports wear the knitted costume which became popular last summer is often seen. This is usually accompanied by a cape.

PRESERVATION HINT

Before putting the winter clothing away for the summer, be sure that it is all thoroughly cleaned. Moths and insects favor soil spots. Another



Cuticura Beautifies Your Complexion

The daily use of the Soap cleanses and purifies the pores of the skin, thus preventing blackheads and pimples. The Cream used occasionally, as needed, soothes and heals any irritation or roughness. They are ideal for the toilet as is also Cuticura Talcum for perfuming.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 970, Malden 18, Mass." Hold everywhere. Soap 5c. Cream 10c and 25c. Talcum 10c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

LADIES' HAIR BOBBING

should be done by those who are thoroughly experienced in the work. The workmen in this shop have had years of experience in this kind of work and fully understand the many things that enter into the proper BOBBING of ladies' hair.

You will find the SUNSET BARBER SHOP a very pleasant place to have this work done.

Sunset Barber Shop



BROWN AND JONES O.S.S.
202 Main St. Phone 34.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18

We will have a demonstration of Sunshine Cookies and Crackers

—also—

Newells Extra and 18 K Canned Goods.

Having become nicely located in our new store at 302 Main Street, we invite the ladies of Bismarck to call and look us over.

SWEET CREAM

Phone 34.

No. 302 Main St.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY.

Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c and mail it to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Money and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills for pains in sides and back; rheumatism, backache, kidney and bladder ailments; and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly

cleansing cathartic for constipation, biliousness, headaches, and sluggish bowels. —Adv.

For Sale — Choice Canary Singers. J. Bull, Dickinson, N. Dak.



WE GRIND OUR OWN LENSES.

We make a specialty of replacing broken lenses. Bring us the broken pieces or the prescription we can furnish you with a new lense in a few minutes.

We have the largest Lense grinding plant, coupled with the largest stock of uncut lenses this side of Fargo. We have been grinding lenses, fitting glasses, and frames in our own shop since 1907.

F. A. Knowles

Jeweler & Optician. Bismarck.

Now is the Time to Look after Your Hair

Daily Use of **MARINELLO** Scalpatone

A stimulating refreshing tonic promotes present hair growth and arouses a state of hair-health which may save you years of worry later on in life. Does not discolor blond or white hair

Hart's Marinello Shop, Room 4, Hughes Bldg., Opposite G. P. Hotel, Bismarck.

DYEING

It is surprising what results can be accomplished by expert dyeing. See us.

CITY CLEANERS & DYERS Phone 770



The scrubbing test

While scrubbing a varnished floor should seldom be necessary, even this severe treatment will not injure Liquid Granite.

Floors treated with this durable finish stay smooth and satiny. Neither boiling water nor snow will injure Liquid Granite. You can keep it in perfect condition by occasionally using a floor mop.

White interiors are easily and economically possible by applying Luxberry White Enamel. This makes a durable, rich, snow white finish that stays white and will not crack or chip.

Both these wonderful finishes are made by Berry Brothers, the world's largest varnish makers.

Lomas Hardware Co.

316 Main St. Phone 82

Hart's Marinello Shop

Room 4. Hughes Bldg. Bismarck, N. Dak. Phone 896.

We wish to announce that we have opened a new department in connection with the Marinello Shop. We do Children's Hair Cutting, Manicuring and Shampooing, also Women's Hair Bobbing.

We are going to specialize in children's work, but will do a limited amount of Men's Barber Work, specializing in Electric Facials and Scalp Treatments.

We would be pleased to have you come in and look over our place and note methods of sterilization.

LICENSED BARBER IN CHARGE.

SAME PRICE

For over 30 years

KC Baking Powder

25 Ounces for 25¢

USE LESS than of higher priced brands

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Daily by mail, outside of North Dakota.....6.00
THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1878)

WINNING YOUR BATTLE
A German general said that the chief reason American soldiers were good fighters was because they hadn't been trained to retreat.
Trench warfare was doomed as soon as Americans got into the World War. It is not American nature to sit in the mud patiently for two or three years.
Americans, most nervous race so far in history, want constant action. They either go forward or are carried off the battlefield feet-first.
The War Department now wisely issues orders to corps area commanders, that our soldiers are to be trained primarily to attack the enemy instead of merely holding their ground.
There is a success tip that you may turn into money.
It is the success tip that in the great industrial and commercial world of war-time.
The success tip that in the great industrial and commercial world of war-time.
The success tip that in the great industrial and commercial world of war-time.

Every man should consider himself a warrior, battling to attain the victory of a fair share of general prosperity, up to the point where his takings cut into what belong to others.
To be successful—and this is especially true of salesmen—you must be constantly on your toes, fighting hard by putting the very best of yourself into what you are doing.
At the end of each day, ask yourself: "Am I making progress toward my goal, or am I just standing still?"
The man who is standing still is getting ready to go backward.
Letting well enough alone is like holding the trenches. It wards off defeat but doesn't bring quick victory. The man who mechanically handles the work that is shoved before him, and keeps yearning for quitting time, will never be a Napoleon.
Promotion, riches, success, the top rung of the ladder—these come to the man who puts more than average energy and brains and care into his immediate tasks.
Hard work is the eternal key to wealth. There are skeleton keys—windfalls—but they are freaks of chance.
A certain man was convinced he was a master actor. He couldn't get a try-out. So he plugged along in burlesque, doing the job better than he really had to. One day David Belasco dropped into the theater and saw this actor work. Belasco gave him a chance. He made good. The actor's name is David Warfield.

SO SAY WE ALL—
"The March winds that blow in North Dakota during the months of January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November and December has begun," reports a recent Twin City visitor there. Let 'er blow! The sun shines there, too, and a few more weeks and the wide prairies will be a rippling sea of grain—a beautiful sight—promising food and comfort to millions who without it would go hungry.—Duluth Herald.

RADIO PROGRESS
Americans take to new ideas quickly. Five hundred thousand people attended New York's annual radio show. Last year only 6000 attended in five days.
Radio is coming from now, when pocket wireless affairs will be as common as watches are now, we will be boasting that we saw the pioneer wireless devices.
Times will be so changed, with so many new unthought-of marvels, that the people of 1942 will yawn at us, just as we look bored when an old soldier reminisces.

AMBITIOUS DOCTOR
Dr. Octavio Felix Pedrosa, young Brazilian scientist, arrives in New York claiming he can do these four marvels:
Bring the dead back to life under certain circumstances. Change a negro's black skin to white. Lengthen human life. Reduce the necessary sleeping period from eight hours to one.
The ambitious doctor says he can accomplish

through a device that treats it with serum and electricity, then pumping it back into the body.
While you may not lose sleep over Dr. Pedrosa's claims, it is interesting to reflect that future scientists may actually accomplish the four marvels he proposes.
PEACHES
Peaches, brought from South Africa, are selling in New York City at \$5 a dozen. Plenty of buyers, too.
This will shock hard-times victims, to whom \$5 looks as big as a house.
Yet it's a good thing, for it sends hoarded money into circulation. Money, in moving, generates prosperity.

CRIME WAVE
The auto is the biggest factor in the crime wave, says the National Surety Company, bonding organization.
The reason for this is that the auto permits a quick getaway. It solves the criminal's hardest problem—fast escape from the scene of crime.
Almost any day now, the airplane able to rise straight into the air will be perfected. Criminals then will have a new weapon against society. As an offset, flying police are inevitable.
SOUNDS UNCANNY
A passengerless auto, operated by wireless, is exhibited at the New York radio show by E. F. Galvin, inventor. He moves the car about, controlling it from a distant switchboard as deftly as if sitting at the wheel.
If you could lift the curtain that hides the future, you would see crewless airplanes, guided by radio, transporting mail and express. They will move as surely and accurately as cash-carriers that transport your money in department stores.

EDITORIAL REVIEW
The child marriages of India, long held up as one of the abnormalities of so-called heathendom, are not without their counterpart in the United States. The census of 1920 showed that in that year no less than 1,600 boys, only 15 years of age, were reported as married in this country. The number of married girls, only 15 years old, was 12,634. Biographical data are full of instances in which girls of this immature age have contracted marriage and such marriages have set all the predictions of friends at naught by proving a success, but in such instances as are recalled in individual experience the husband was generally much older and able to support a family in comfort. The economic responsibilities of the head of a family, however, are alone enough to make the case of the 1,600 boys reported married at 15 a case of dismay.
A great sympathy must go out for these boys who are buying coal, taking thought on the rent and paying grocery, millinery and furniture bills when they ought to be concerned only with football and batting averages and team track events in that happiest age of Tarkington boyhood. But what can be done about it? What could Tarkington himself suggest? There are laws enough on the subject now. It is a social problem to be dealt with through social agencies and family influence.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

AN EXAMPLE OF TAX EXEMPTION
A probate court fight among the heirs of James J. Hill and Mrs. Hill has been on of late in St. Paul. The row has been over the appointment of an administrator for Mrs. Hill's estate of \$12,000,000. But that is only incidental here. The significant point of public interest is that Louis W. Hill, former business adviser for Mrs. Hill, testified that beginning in 1916 and continuing until 1919, he disposed of heavily taxed securities held by his principal, substituting therefore tax free holdings, and in this way increased her annual income from \$365,000 to \$730,000 a year; that is he doubled net returns.
Here is a concrete example of the working of the tax exempt bond evil anybody can understand at a glance. In a single instance, in the case of a personal fortune which is surpassed by several in Michigan which have been similarly invested, a little shrewd readjustments has withdrawn \$365,000 annually from the reach of the tax gatherers. But the money thus lost to the public treasuries must be found somewhere, so the burden is shifted to business enterprise, to people who are obliged to work for their livings, to the widow with a cottage instead of a palace.
If the case of the estate of Mrs. Hill were an isolated one the matter would not be worth mentioning. But unfortunately it is typical of hundreds of other cases. A good many billions of dollars are tied up in tax exempt securities in this country. Figure very conservatively on the basis of what was done with the estate of Mrs. Hill by expert handling, and the extra weight of taxation placed in consequence on the shoulders of those whose property enjoys no exemptions becomes appalling. It runs into the hundreds of millions, possibly into the billions annually. It easily makes the difference between a situation in which the nation could handle its financial problems easily, and the present very difficult economic condition.—The Detroit Free Press.



MANDAN NEWS

Miss Klein Dies at St. Anthony Home
A valiant fight of several years against tuberculosis came to an end Sunday night when death claimed Miss Katherine Klein, aged 30, at the family home at St. Anthony.
Miss Klein was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Klein, and was born at St. Anthony December 28, 1892. She attended the public schools in Mandan and entered the Mandan hospital as a student nurse in 1913, completing the course and graduating in 1917.
She contracted the dread disease while at her work as a registered nurse and some four years ago sought relief and a cure at Albuquerque, New Mexico, where she lived for about three years. However, it was impossible to check the infection and she returned to St. Anthony about six months ago.
The funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning from the church at St. Anthony, and interment will take place there at the side of her father and mother.
Three sisters survive, Mrs. Anton Mann, St. Anthony, and Mrs. Lawrence Shope and Miss Julia Klein of Los Angeles. Mrs. C. C. Atkinson of Mandan is a cousin of the deceased.

Resident of Center Dies

A nose bleed coincident to a severe attack of the influenza resulted in the death Saturday night of Lester Light, aged 30, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. V. Light of Center.
Deceased was taken ill about five weeks ago with the flu and suffered a nosebleed. Physicians were able to stop it for a time, but the bleeding would start anew. He became so weakened from loss of blood that he was unable to withstand the attack of influenza and he died Saturday night.
Lester Light was one of the best known young farmers of the Center district. He operated a farm about two miles south of Center. He was born at Morris, Minn., and came to Oliver county over twenty years ago with his parents.
He leaves a widow and two young children, and his father and mother and nine brothers and sisters to mourn his death.
Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon from the Methodist Episcopal church at Center, with interment in the cemetery at that place. The Brotherhood of American Yeoman of which he was a member, will assist in the funeral services.

Walter Keller left last evening for Dunsmuir, N. D., where he will remain for a few weeks before leaving for some southwestern point for his health. His father, Fred Keller, who was called to Mandan from Minneapolis, will accompany him.

Mr. and Mrs. William Chyle of near Mandan, are the parents of a baby daughter born at the Deaconess hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Young of Miles City, Montana, are the parents of a baby boy, born March 5.

Miss Agnes Moe of Duluth and her sister, Mrs. Oscar Wergeland of Norway, are visiting in Mandan, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bull.

Mrs. C. M. Cunningham, who has been a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Timmerman returned to her home at Almont yesterday.

LEARN A WORD EVERY DAY

Today's word is GLAMOUR.
It's pronounced glam-ur, with accent on the first syllable.
It means—charm, enchantment, spell, attraction.
It comes from Scotch "glamour,"

OVER THE HILL AND FAR AWAY

(Florence Bomer.)
Over the hills and far away,
Is the trend of the busy world today;
As the ships sail in, and the ships sail out,
While the busy sailors move about.
Onward, still onward with hope intense,
From the Northland cold, to the jungles dense,
Comes the hurrying, scurrying cheerful throng,
Seeking new pleasures the whole day long.
Over the hills and far away,
Dancing along while the pipers play:
Seeking new treasures thru life's sunny hours,
Basking amid the bright sunshine and flowers,
Shadows soon lengthen, and darkness will fall,
Soon we must hasten at Father Time's call;
Youth and its pleasures will soon fade away,
Leaving but memories of this glad day.
Over the hills and far away,
Freedom from worry we're seeking today;
We are so weary of all this dull care,
Found wealth is but a delusion and snare;
Naught can atone for the days that are past,
We've lived our lives, and have lived them too fast;
Where are the joys that we thought once were ours,
Gone in a night like the sunshine and flowers.
Over the hills and far away,
Swiftly the world hurries on its way,
Fashion, and Pleasure and Vanity,
Travel along to Eternity,
And who shall say which is bad, which good,
When the Master's Law has been understood?
When this life is past, and the books are read,
God will be Judge o'er the souls of the dead.
Over the hills and far away!
And it's "Good Luck" we're wishing you, World, today;
For you bear a burden that staggers the mind—
The sorrows and troubles of all humankind;
And if you pause on your endless track,
For an hour of play, who would call you back?
And if you bring pleasure to hearts once grown sad,
Why, we will rejoice with you, World, and be glad!

Corruption of English "gramarye" magic.
Companion word—glamorous (note spelling).
It's used like this—"The South Sea Islands have an unusual glamour at a distance but they are not so pleasing at close view."
Olive lives longer than any other fruit tree.
Amsterdam, Holland has more than 600 bridges.
Delhi, India is famous for its cashmere shawls.

EVERETT TRUE BY CONDO



Yap Island is settled; but the other yaps are not.
A fool and his "heavies" are soon parted.
Only national bonus so far is alimony.
Bootleggers have made more abstainers than prohibitionists.
College students claiming co-eds are cave women mustn't judge the girls by their clothes.
Lots of theories would work if those who have them would.
Amateur gardeners use hoes; amateur golfers use clubs; the results are about the same.
Vesuvius is breaking out. This spring fever is everywhere.
America has two-thirds of the world's telephones and four fifths of the world's wrong numbers.
Road hog. A man who keeps in the middle and leaves you both sides.
U. S. checker champion is beaten by Scotsman. Keeping our firemen busy is ruining checkers.
Bet the girls building a house drive nails with flatirons.
Censors claiming our movies are "stupid" don't say if they found them that way or left them that way.
One way to make the day turn off time is decide to stay at home.
Southern farmers would be rich and happy if someone could teach boll weevils to eat weeds.
When some people miss church they have to make up the sleep at home.
After rolled stockings get back women will have no trouble boarding street cars before men.
Professor says our side of Niagara will be dry in 2122. Why don't they leave prohibition alone?
According to divorce figures, this is either the land of the freed or the home of the brave.
When a girl starts talking about rents coming down it is time to give up or go home.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

By Olive Barton Roberts
It didn't look like quicksand, the ground below the Glass Mountain looked as nice and smooth and firm as the sand along the seashore. Nancy and Nick, still clutching the phonograph record, stepped off the Glass Mountain to the plain below, never suspecting a thing.
But instantly they sank into it up to their knees, for under the top it was as thin and as sticky as muckilage. Before they could move, almost, it was up to their necks, and in another watch-tick it had quite closed over the tops of their heads.
They'd something odd happened. Instead of choking they found they could breathe nicely, and instead of being wet and muddy, they were surrounded by dry, warm air. But it was dark! They hadn't an idea where they were.
All at once they heard someone saying in a high pipey voice: "What did you do then, Kip?"
"Well," came the reply. "It's a long story, Mr. Pim Pim, but as I was sitting in the corner of the sooty chimney, a voice came up out of the room and said—"
"Hush!" Mr. Pim Pim's voice answered. "Somebody's here. Maybe he is spying. It might be Crookabone, the wicked gnome."
Nancy grabbed Nick. "Oh!" she laughed. "It's dear kind Pim Pim, the king of the Brownies. We're down in Brownland, Nick."
Just then Mr. Pim Pim held up his firefly lantern and came peering into the darkness.
"Why, bless my soul!" he cried. "It's the Twins, Kip! It's our old friends, Nancy and Nick, who helped us at Christmas! Come and see them."
And then such a hand-shaking as there was! And such dancing around in circles! And such explaining!
Of course the children had to tell about their adventures and how they had lost their way on the Glass Mountain.
(To Be Continued)
(Copyright, 1922, NEA Service.)

A THOUGHT FOR TODAY

If the wicked turn from his wickedness and do that which is lawful and right, he shall live thereby.—Ezekiel 33:19.
I say again, man cannot choose his duties. You may choose to forsake your duties, and choose not to have the sorrow that they bring. But you will go forth, and what will you find? Sorrow without duty; bitter herbs and no bread with them—George Eliot.
ANNOUNCEMENT.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for sheriff of Burleigh county at the June, 1922, primaries. I am a Republican and have been a resident of Burleigh county for thirty-nine years. If nominated and elected I promise to give honest and faithful service. I will very much appreciate any support given to me.
J. L. KELLY.
3-13-22

EARLY CABBAGES NEED RICH SOIL

Start Seed in Hotbed in February and in Open Ground as Soon as Possible.

CULTURE OF RELATED CROPS

Cauliflower Thrives Best Under Irrigation, and Brussels Sprouts May Be Grown in Same Manner—Collards Are Tender.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When set in the spring, cabbage seed should be started in a hotbed or greenhouse in February and in the open ground as soon as the soil can be worked. For a late crop in the North, plant the seeds in a bed in the open ground in May or June, and transplant in the garden in July. Early cabbages require a rich, warm soil in order that they may mature early. For late cabbages, the soil should be heavier and more retentive of moisture and not so rich as for the early crop, as the heads are liable to burst. Cabbages should be set in rows 30 to 36 inches apart and 14 to 18 inches apart in the row. Early cabbages must be used soon after they have formed solid heads, as they will not keep during hot weather. They can, however, be used for making sauerkraut.

Cauliflower.
Cauliflower requires a rich, moist soil, and thrives best under irrigation. It will not withstand as much frost as cabbage. The culture is the same as for cabbage, and the heads begin to develop after which the leaves may be tied together over the heads in order to exclude the light and keep the heads white.

Brussels Sprouts.
Brussels sprouts are closely related to cabbage and cauliflower, and may be grown in the same manner. Instead of a single head, brussels sprouts form a large number of small heads in the axils of the leaves. As the heads begin to crowd the leaves should be broken from the stem of the plant, to give them more room. A few leaves should be left at the top of the stem, where the new heads are being formed. Brussels sprouts are more hardy than cabbage, and in mild climates may remain in the open ground all winter, the heads being removed as desired. For winter use in cold localities, take up plants that are well laden with heads and set them close together in a pit, coldframe or cellar, with a little soil around the roots.

The uses of brussels sprouts are similar to those of cabbage, but they are considered of a superior flavor.

Collards.
The culture and uses of collards are the same as for cabbage and kale. Collards withstand the heat better than either cabbage or kale, and a type known as Georgia collards is



A Solid Head of Cabbage.

highly esteemed in the Southern states. Collards do not form a true head, but instead a loose rosette of leaves, which, when blanched, are very tender and of delicate flavor.

Kohi-Rabi.
Kohi-rabi belongs to the same class as cabbage and cauliflower, but presents a marked variation from either. The edible portion consists of the swollen stem of the plant. For an early crop, plant and cultivate the same as for early cabbage. For a late crop the seed may be sown in drills where the crop is grown and thinned to about eight inches apart in the row. The rows should be from 18 to 36 inches apart, according to the kind of cultivation employed. The fleshy stems should be used while they are young and quite tender.

PLANTING ONIONS IN GARDEN

Greater Part of Commercial Crop Is Grown From Seeds—Sets May Be Planted Early.

Onions may be grown either from sets or from seed. The greater part of the commercial onion crop is grown from seed, but the usual method of planting onions in the garden is by use of sets. One quart of sets will plant from 75 to 125 feet of row with the plants 4 inches apart in the row; this depends, however, upon the size of the sets. Onion sets should be placed in a small furrow, root-end downward, and covered to a depth of about 1 1/2 inches unless the soil is extremely heavy, in which case they should not be covered so deeply. Onion sets may be planted just as early in the spring as the ground can be cultivated.—United States Department of Agriculture.

Venice is built on 80 islands and has 400 bridges.

A mave of thought takes a minute to travel a mile of nerve.

Origin of the word Asia remains unknown.

STAKE TOMATO PLANT TO OBTAIN QUALITY

Adapted to Every Garden, Whether Large or Small.

Plants Should Be Started Indoors and Gradually Hardened to Outside Conditions—Two Methods for Home Garden.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Tomatoes are adapted to growing in every garden, whether large or small. To have a supply early in the season, the seed should be sown under cover four to six weeks before the weather becomes warm outdoors, and the plants should be transplanted once or twice before setting them in the open ground. Two dozen plants can usually be purchased at the seed store cheaper than they can be grown. Pot-grown plants are usually the best if they can be secured.

Indoor plants should be gradually hardened to outside conditions. This can be done by placing the boxes or



Tomatoes Staked.

pots in which they are planted outdoors for several hours each day when the weather is warm. They may be left out all night when there is no danger of frost. Plants for the main or late crop can be started outdoors after the ground has become warm.

Two methods are in vogue for growing tomatoes in home gardens. In the small garden the plants may be set two feet apart in each direction and then pruned to a single stem and tied to stakes. Where plenty of land is available the plants may be set three to four feet apart and allowed to grow naturally upon the ground. It should be borne in mind, however, that by trimming and tying the plants to stakes a better quality of fruit is obtained, and that the fruit will ripen earlier than when they are not trimmed and trained. From twenty-five to fifty tomato plants will be sufficient for growing in the home garden, and this number should furnish plenty of tomatoes for summer use and for canning.—United States Department of Agriculture.

START OKRA IN BERRY BOXES

After All Danger of Frost is Past Transplant Young Plants in the Open Garden.

Sow the seeds of okra in the open after the ground has become quite warm, or start the plants in berry boxes in a hotbed and transplant them to the garden after all danger of frost is past. The rows should be 4 feet apart for the dwarf sorts and 5 feet apart for the tall kinds, with the plants 2 feet apart in the row. Okra does best in rather rich land and requires frequent shallow cultivation until the plants cover the ground.

The young pods are the part used, and these are employed principally in soups, to which they impart a pleasant flavor and mucilaginous consistency. If the pods are removed from the plants and none allowed to ripen, the plants will continue to produce pods until killed by frost, but the best pods are grown on young plants. Okra pods can be dried or canned for winter use.—United States Department of Agriculture.

LIME BENEFITS CLAY SOILS

Application Has Effect of Pulverizing and Loosening, and Corrects Sourness.

An application of about 10 ordinary 10-quart pailfuls of hydrated or air-slaked lime to a plot of ground 80 by 60 feet in size will generally prove beneficial. Lime has the effect of loosening and pulverizing any heavy clay soil, and of binding loose, sandy soils. Lime also corrects any sourness in the soil due to lack of drainage, but in a case of this kind proper drainage should be secured. Lime should always be applied to the surface, and in no case should it be put on the land at the same time as commercial fertilizer. The proper method would be to spread the lime upon the land just after plowing and before harrowing; then apply the commercial fertilizer one week later. Under no circumstances should lime be mixed with commercial fertilizer or manure, as it liberates the nitrogen from them.

Pansy is the official flower of the city of Butte, Mont.

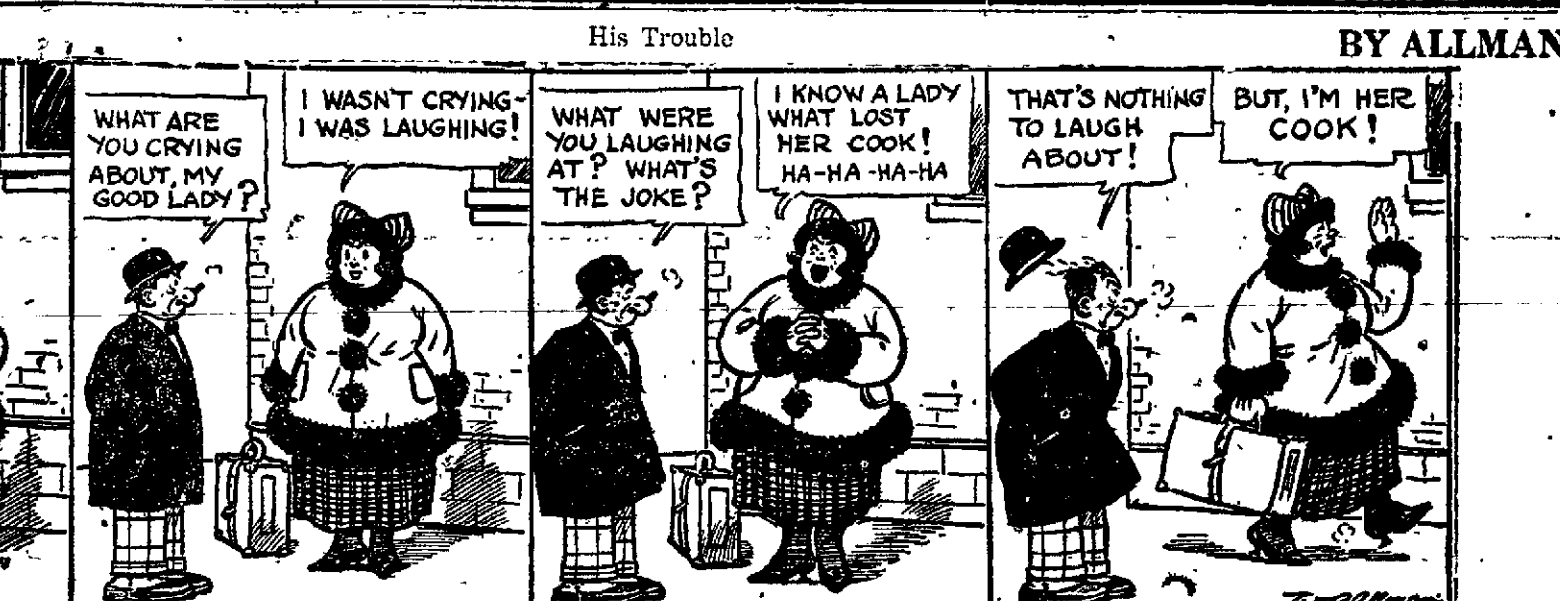
Some 45,000 stitches are required to make the ordinary suit of clothes.

Australian eucalyptus tree sometimes attains a height of 500 feet.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

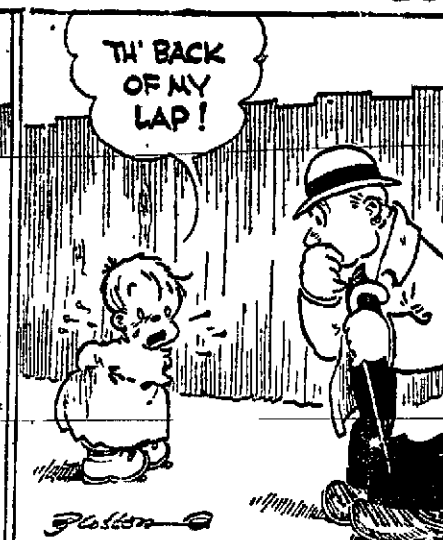


DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—FEMALE
WANTED—Housekeeper on farm; single, middle aged woman preferred. Write full particulars in first letter. W. R. Van Oosting, Hensler. 3-14-1w
WANTED—Experienced and competent girl for general housework. Mrs. J. A. Holgren, 411 Avenue A. 3-14-1w
WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. R. B. Loubek, 930. 6th St. 3-14-1w

POSITION WANTED
EXPERIENCED Stenographer with some knowledge of bookkeeping desires position. Can furnish references if desired. Write 338, in care of Tribune. 2-7-1f

FOR SALE OR RENT HOUSES AND FLATS
FOR SALE:
\$3,500—Five-room bungalow, strictly modern.
\$3,200—Five-room house, partly modern, pretty lot; close in.
\$2,900—Five-room house, east side.
\$2,000—Four-room house, all modern except heat.
\$1,500—Three-room house, barn and other buildings, including six lots, all fenced, on south side.
We can tell you a number of good buys on both the west and east sides, modern or partly modern. Phone 981, Henry & Henry. 3-13-1w

FOR SALE—6 room modern house, close in, well located, in good condition, a nice home, on reasonable terms. A fine building lot for sale, Geo. M. Register. 3-10-1w

WANTED TO RENT—Four or five-room modern house, furnished or unfurnished, or partly furnished; references. Write 356, care Tribune. 3-13-1w

FOR RENT—Modern six-room new bungalow, Riverview, \$45 per month. Phone 150 or 751. 3-14-1w

FOR RENT—Six-room modern, furnished home. Write 354, care Tribune. 3-8-1w

WORK WANTED
WANTED—Job as truck or car driver; also have experience as garage man. Phone 372-M. 3-13-1w

LAND
ARE YOU interested in buying land in North Central Minnesota, the land of clover, beautiful lakes and property? If so write to Leach Lake Land & Investment Co. at Walker, Minn. No trades. 3-3-1m

LITTLE FARM—Near Oakland, Cal.: full price, \$360; terms, nothing down, \$5 per month. F. J. Lyman, owner, 3751 Broadway, Oakland, Cal. 3-14-1w

ROOMS FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Two rooms, one single and one can be double, modern in every way, on first floor; close in, at 414 7th St.; gentlemen preferred. 3-11-1w

FOR RENT—Good sized room with large kitchenette and closet. Well furnished. Vacant April 1st. 411 5th St. Phone 272. 3-9-1w

ROOM FOR RENT—In modern house, two blocks from Business College. 703 Front Street, Corner of Seventh Street. 3-13-1w

FOR RENT—Very desirable furnished apartment. Also good piano for sale. Phone 357-W. 710 7th St. 3-8-1w

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Bismarck Business College. Phone 183. 3-13-1w

FOR RENT—Large modern room, suitable for two. 522 2nd St. 3-9-1m

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 403 3rd St. 3-13-1w

WANTED TO BUY
WANT TO BUY—Have a client who has \$4,000 to invest in bungalow, close in. If your price is right please answer this ad. J. H. Hollman, 314 Broadway. Phone 746. 3-11-1w

E. S. ENGE, D. C. Ph. C. Chiropractor
Consultation Free
Suite 9, 11—Loomis Block—Phone 300

Two. Albert Hammar, Discol, Dak. 3-11-1w

FOR RENT—Two rooms on first floor furnished, also two rooms on second floor partly furnished, in modern home, to be used for light housekeeping, or can also be had as lodging rooms. Phone 132-W. 622 3rd street. 1-13-1w

FOR SALE—Sweet clover. W. B. Scarfo, at 61-2 cents. Buxton Grain Co., Buxton, N. D. 2-6-1m
Call for your chimney sweep; will guarantee first class work. Jager Transfer Line. Phone 18. 2-14-1w

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Three young horses, weight about 1200 pounds. A. F. Marquett. 3-10-1w

PERSONAL

Wesley Plunkett, your father is in Zap, North Dakota. Please let me hear from you. 3-13-1w

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE HANSON-HOLIDAY COMPANY, A CORPORATION
Notice is hereby given to all stockholders and to all other persons interested that a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company at Bismarck, in Burleigh county, North Dakota, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1922, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the A. M. of that day, and that the meeting is called for the purpose of considering the question of selling and disposing of the business as a whole, and to do such other business as should have been transacted at the regular annual meeting in January, 1922, at which annual meeting there was no quorum present.
Given under my hand this 10th day of March, A. D. 1922.
O. H. LERUM, President.
(3-11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
In the Matter of the Estate of Salmon Setala, Deceased:
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Matt Setala, Administrator of the Estate of Salmon Setala, late of the Township of Lien, in the County of Burleigh, State of North Dakota, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice, to said Administrator at his residence on Northeast quarter Section 4 in the Township of Lien, in said Burleigh County, Dakota.
Dated February 13, 1922.
MATT SETALA, Administrator.
First publication on February 21, 1922 2-21-22, 3-7-14.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh.

Schwengert-Ewald Lumber Company, plaintiff, vs. Fred Schubert, defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an execution in me directed and delivered, and now in my hands issued out of the clerk's office of the 12th Judicial District Court, State of North Dakota, in and for the county of Morton upon a judgment rendered in said court in favor of the plaintiff, and against the defendant, to wit: Lots eleven (11) and twelve (12) in Block Twenty-seven (27) in Sturgis Addition to the City of Bismarck, Burleigh County, North Dakota, and that I shall on Thursday the 16th day of April, A. D. 1922, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Bismarck, in said county and state, proceed to sell the right, title and interest of the above named Fred Schubert in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to Three Hundred Twenty-seven dollars and sixty cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 13th day of January, 1917, at the rate of six per cent per annum, and at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

ROLLIN WELCH, Sheriff, Burleigh County, N. D.

Plaintiff's Attorney: Francis E. Young, Bismarck, N. D., March 13th, 1922. (March 14, 21, 28; April 4, 11.)

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.

Chicago, March 14.—Cattle receipts, 12,000. Very slow. Undertone weak to lower.

Hog receipts, 23,000. Slow, mostly 25 cents lower.

Sheep receipts, 16,000, weak to 50 cents higher.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR.

Minneapolis, March 14.—Flour unchanged to 25 cents lower. In call lots, \$7.75 to \$8.35 a barrel. Shipments, 30,576 barrels. Bran, \$26.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK.

South St. Paul, March 14.—Common to medium beef steers, \$5.25 to \$5.75. Bulk, \$6 to \$7. Butcher cows and heifers mostly, \$4 to \$4.75. Better offerings mostly young cows and heifers. Stockers and feeders, mostly 25 cents lower, at \$4.50 to \$7. Bulk, \$5 to \$6.25. Calves receipts, 2,200. Mostly 50 cents lower. Bulk best lightings, \$7, few, \$7.50. Seconds, \$4 to \$5.

Hog receipts, 7,500. About steady. Range, \$8 to \$8.90. Bulk, \$9.50 to \$9.75. Bulk of good pigs, \$9.75.

BISMARCK GRAIN.

(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.) Bismarck, March 14.

No. 1 dark northern \$1.34

No. 1 amber durum 1.05

No. 1 mixed durum 93

No. 1 red durum 95

No. 1 flax 2.26

No. 2 flax 2.31

No. 2 rye 30

Minneapolis Grain

Minneapolis, March 14.—Wheat receipts 232 cars compared with 219 cars year ago.

Cash No. 1 northern, \$1.49 1-8 to \$1.47 1-8; May \$1.38 1-8; July \$1.30 1-2.

Corn No. 2 yellow, 49 1-4 to 50 1-4.

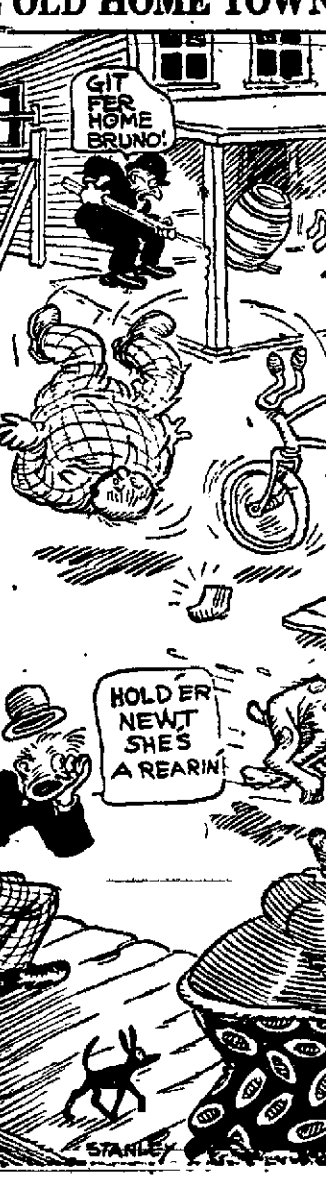
Oats No. 3 white, 24 1-2 to 23 1-4.

Barley 48 to 60 cents.

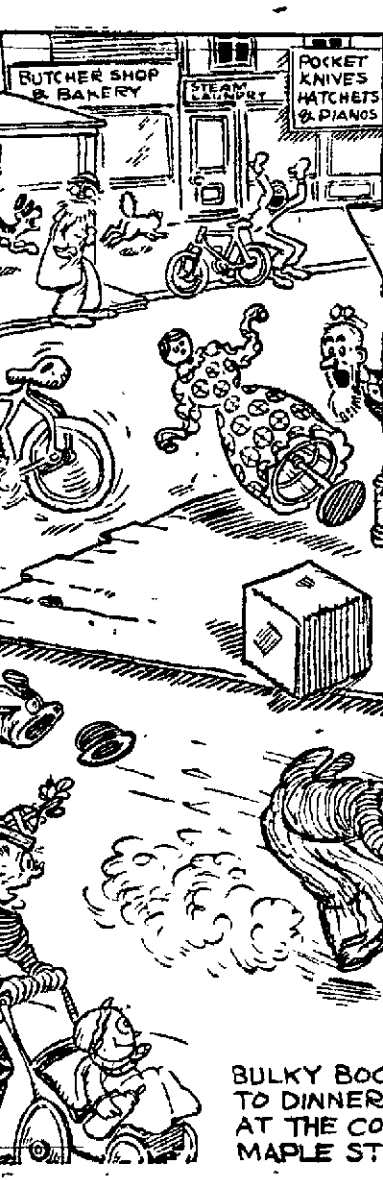
Rye, No. 2, 94 1-2 to 95 1-2.

Flax No. 1 \$2.52 to \$2.56.

THE OLD HOME TOWN



BY STANLEY



Oxford Too Much For Cambridge

London, Mar. 14.—Oxford's athletic advantage over Cambridge due to the participation of Rhodes scholars has again come up for discussion in university circles.

In this year's ice hockey match Oxford played a team of Canadians with one exception—an American. This team scored 27 times (a world's record) without reply from Cambridge.

One writer states that in his opinion unless something is done to level up the teams, these inter-varsity contests will be foregone conclusions every year and robbed of all interest.

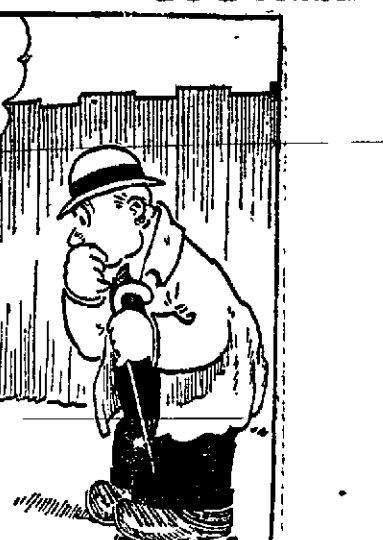
Englishmen Await Archibald's Coming

London, March 14.—Racing circles are awaiting with considerable interest the appearance on English courses of George Archibald, the American jockey, who has been engaged for the ensuing flat racing season. In recent years Archibald has done most of his riding in Germany, France and Spain and has ridden the horses of King Alfonso, Frank O'Neill, who was a contemporary in America and also in France, is quoted as declaring Archibald the best horseman in the world.



BY ALLMAN

BY BLOSSER



BY BLOSSER

MARKETS

PRICE LIFTS A LITTLE.

Chicago, March 14.—Buying on the part of strong commission houses lifted the price of wheat a little today during the early trading, after initial setbacks caused by further rains in the southwest together with lower quotations from Liverpool. The start which was lower was followed by upturns.

Subsequently reports that 2,500,000 bushels of Canadian wheat had been taken for export gave the market an additional upturn. Prices closed unsettled, unchanged to 1 3-4 cents higher.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.

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Hog receipts, 23,000. Slow, mostly 25 cents lower.

Sheep receipts, 16,000, weak to 50 cents higher.

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Corn No. 2 yellow, 49 1-4 to 50 1-4.

Oats No. 3 white, 24 1-2 to 23 1-4.

Barley 48 to 60 cents.

Rye, No. 2, 94 1-2 to 95 1-2.

Flax No. 1 \$2.52 to \$2.56.

In these days of reconstruction, when amusement seekers like every-
one else looking for that which is best
in theatricals, money not being as
plentiful as it was a few years since,
new plays are apt to be thrown in
the discard unless they are presented
with big stars and well known casts,
which is a guarantee in itself of the
excellence of the performance.

With this fact in mind, the patrons
of the Auditorium will no doubt wel-
come the news of the coming engage-
ment of the well known comedienne,
May Robson, whom Augustus Plouffe,
inc. will present on Mar. 22 in a new
play, "It Pays to Smile," a dramatiza-
tion of Nina Wilcox Putnam's stories.

Charter No. 2434. Reserve District No. 2.
**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK**
At Bismarck, in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business on
MARCH 10, 1922

RESOURCES			
Loans and discounts, including redemptions, ac- ceptances of other banks, and foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank		\$1,554,171.34	
Overdrafts, unsecured		453.83	
U. S. Government securities owned:			
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)		75,000.00	
All other United States Government securities		44,250.00	
Total		119,250.00	
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc.		41,769.56	
Banking house, \$75,000. Furniture and fix- tures, \$6,358.16		81,358.16	
Real estate owned other than banking house		25,082.75	
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		116,185.69	
Cash in vault and amount due from national banks		239,197.94	
Amount due from State banks, bankers and trust companies in the United States		30,068.00	
Exchanges for clearing house		10,686.43	
Total		279,562.37	
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		17,310.88	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		3,750.00	
Total		\$1,239,234.58	
LIABILITIES			
Capital stock paid in		\$ 100,000.00	
Surplus fund		200,000.00	
Undivided profits		\$ 24,972.86	
Reserve for interest and taxes		9,625.02	
accrued		12,948.53	
Reserved for depreciation		\$ 46,647.51	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid		23,343.24	
(Including notes outstanding)		74,800.00	
Amount due to national banks		91,832.45	
Amount due to State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries		160,648.62	
Certified checks outstanding		436.83	
Total		252,937.90	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) sub- ject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):			
Individual deposits subject to check		1,218,537.20	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		73,231.37	
Dividends unpaid		2,534.00	
Total Demand Deposits		1,294,302.57	
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):			
Certificates of deposit other than for money borrowed		243,573.82	
Postal savings deposits		507.07	
Total Time Deposits		244,080.89	
United States deposits (other than postal sav- ings), including War Loan deposit account and deposits of United States disbursing officers		859.25	
Bills payable (including all obligations repre- senting money borrowed other than redem- ptions)		30,000.00	
Notes and bills rediscounted, including accept- ances of other banks and foreign bills of ex- change or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank		19,500.00	
Total		\$2,239,234.58	
State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, ss: I, Frank E. Shepard, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
FRANK E. SHEPARD, Cashier.			
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1922, H. S. LOBACH, Notary Public, Burleigh Co., N. D. My Commission Expires April 27, 1927.			
(SEAL) Attest: J. L. Bell, O. N. Dunham, H. P. Goddard, Directors.			

No. 1162 Report of the Condition of THE CAPITAL SECURITY BANK			
at Bismarck, in the State of North Dakota, at the close of busi- ness March 10th, 1922.			
RESOURCES			
Loans and discounts		\$184,825.21	
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		168.70	
Warrants, stocks, tax certificates, claims, etc.		13,660.24	
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		6,909.26	
Other real estate		624.68	
Checks and other cash items		\$ 2,779.86	
Cash and Due from other banks		79,061.64	
Total		\$288,029.59	
LIABILITIES			
Capital stock paid in		\$ 50,000.00	
Surplus fund		1,000.00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		170.48	
Individual deposits subject to check		\$118,388.53	
Guaranty fund deposit		871.93	
Time certificates of deposit		61,864.22	
Savings deposits		6,722.86	
Cashier's checks outstanding		4,541.94	
Due to other banks		44,469.63	
Notes and bills rediscounted		236,859.11	
Bills payable		NONE	
Liabilities other than those above stated		NONE	
Total		\$288,029.59	
State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh—ss. I, S. G. Severson, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
S. G. SEVERTSON, Cashier.			
(SEAL) Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1922, W. F. Harris, Notary Public.			
Correct—Attest: C. W. McGray, J. A. Hyland, Directors.			

the best vehicle she has ever had,
not forgetting her great success, "The
Regeneration of Aunt Mary."
The play is in three acts, the scenes
being laid at the Copley Plaza Hotel
in Boston, and at Pinto Pegg's ranch
in California, which gives the scenic
artist much scope.

The story introduces Miss Robson
in the character of Freedom Tolson, a
lady of about fifty, of the old aristoc-
ratic Puritan stock, with worlds of
pride but little money, who answers
an advertisement in a Boston paper
for the position of governess to the
daughter of Pinto Pegg, a wealthy
western ranchman, the plot hinging
on the famous painting, "Mona Lisa,"
or "The Madonna of the Lamp."
In its unfolding, there are many

**GRONNA OUT IN OPEN
ASKS FOR LEAGUERS
VOTES**

(Continued from Page 1)
In making experiments with the prod-
ucts of our country, both natural and
manufactured products.

When it is considered what certain
countries in Europe have done in the
field in experimentation (one country
in particular employed 15,000 chem-
ists for a period of 20 years to perfect
a so-called vat dye) neither our state
nor the federal government are doing
anything to develop our latent
industries. Take lignite coal for in-
stance: If the coal fields of North
Dakota were fully developed the
financial conditions in our state would
be changed and I believe that liberal
appropriations should be made by
our state to develop the lignite coal
industry. Every family, rich and poor,
must have fuel. I am quite certain
that the price of coal could be reduced
40 per cent to the consumer and still
yield more profit to the operators than
it does today.

What Aids Farmers Benefits All
North Dakota is an agricultural
state. Our people are engaged entire-
ly in this basic industry, and any
legislation adverse to the agricul-
tural interests will ultimately be
harmful to all our people. It cannot,
therefore, be argued that legislation
which is economically sound and bene-
ficial to the farmer is class legislation
because legislation which is helpful to
the farmer will benefit all classes of
our people. It's not so with legisla-
tion which grants special privileges to
organized business. Let us consider
the question of transportation, of
banking and finance. Legislation of a
special character may temporarily
benefit transportation companies. The
same is true with reference to bank-
ing and finance. Legislation grant-
ing special privileges to such corpo-
rations as I have mentioned, and to
others, may, for a time, be beneficial
to their institutions at the expense
and the ruination of the farmers, but,
ultimately, there will be a setback for
these corporations when the farmer
is broke.

**PROPOSE SIX
MONTHS SCHOOL**

Lisbon, N. D., March 14.—The hold-
ing of six months terms of school
was the drastic and outstanding course
proposed as an economy measure at a
meeting here of Ransom county tax-
payers who discussed ways and means
of reducing public expenditures.

The suggestion that county officials
work longer hours and dispense with
some of their assistants, was count-
ered by J. A. Gray, county auditor,

Charter No. 9822. Reserve District No. 9.
**Report of the Condition of the
CITY NATIONAL BANK OF BISMARCK**
at Bismarck, in the State of North Dakota, at the close of business on
MARCH 10, 1922.

RESOURCES			
Loans and discounts, including redemptions, ac- ceptances of other banks, and foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank		\$ 776,266.85	
Overdrafts, unsecured		1,494.68	
U. S. Government securities owned:			
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)		\$ 50,000.00	
All other United States Government securities		14,850.00	
Total		64,850.00	
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc.		35,233.96	
Furniture and fixtures		4,747.81	
Real estate owned other than banking house		44,544.46	
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		43,083.69	
Cash in vault and amount due from national banks		164,497.78	
Amount due from State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States		5,789.84	
Exchanges for clearing house		15,131.93	
Total of Items 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13		135,419.55	
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		1,635.40	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500.00	
Total		\$1,159,826.40	
LIABILITIES			
Capital stock paid in		\$ 50,000.00	
Surplus fund		50,000.00	
Undivided profits		\$ 31,664.23	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid		15,949.19	
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000.00	
Amount due to national banks		29,397.61	
Amount due to State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries		101,270.68	
Certified checks outstanding		229.01	
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		16.50	
Total		131,413.80	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) sub- ject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):			
Individual deposits subject to check		216,664.07	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		112,627.25	
Other demand deposits		36,811.69	
Total		366,102.91	
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):			
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		338,320.43	
Other time deposits		46,256.73	
Total		384,567.21	
United States deposits (other than postal sav- ings), including War Loan deposit account and deposits of United States disbursing officers		311.71	
Bills payable (including all obligations repre- senting money borrowed other than redem- ptions)		59,000.00	
Notes and bills rediscounted, including accept- ances of other banks and foreign bills of ex- change or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank		53,795.68	
Total		\$1,159,826.40	
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, ss. County of Burleigh, I, J. B. Rhud, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
J. B. RHUD, Cashier.			
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1922, W. F. HARRIS, Notary Public, Burleigh County, N. D. My Commission expires May 15, 1925.			
(SEAL) Correct—Attest: P. C. Remington, J. A. Graham, G. F. Dullam, Directors.			

No-To-Bac has helped thousands to
break the costly, nerve-shattering to-
bacco habit. Whenever you have a
longing for a smoke or chew, just
place a harmless No-To-Bac tablet in
your mouth instead. All desire stops
shortly the habit is completely broken,
and you are better off mentally, physi-
cally and financially. It's so easy, so sim-
ple. Get a box of No-To-Bac and if it
doesn't release you from all craving
for tobacco in any form, your drug-
gist will refund your money without
question.

who declared that Ransom officials are
working more hours than in the ma-
jority of counties and that it would be
impossible to dispense with any of-
fice help.

Mark Stanley, farmer, said that if it
were a case of deciding between an
education for his children and the
feeding and clothing of them, then he
was for closing up the schools.

Rutherford, county superin-
tendent, stated her belief that no
Ransom county teacher is getting more
wages than she is entitled to and that
some are not getting enough. "If you
want more illiterate and a greater
crime wave, then disrupt the school
system," she said.

Official action was taken in the
adoption of a resolution for the elec-

OVER T. GIBBONS
New York, March 14.—Harry Grab
won the judge's decision over Tommy
Gibbons here.

THE ELTINGE
Agnes Ayres proves herself a cap-
able star in her first stellar Para-
mount picture, "The Lane that Had No
Turning" which is showing at the
Eltinge today and tomorrow, Tues-
day and Wednesday.

Written by Sir Gilbert Parker, it
brings to the screen a romantic and
tense story of self-sacrifice on the
part of a woman who clings to her
husband in spite of his deformity, and
strives to spare him the humiliation
of learning that he is not the rightful
inheritor of a large estate of which he
is master.

The schemes of a villain, the inter-
vention of a real man—an English-
man, who is the rightful heir, and the
final happy ending of a tangled series
of events, all laid in picturesque
scenes, combine to make this photo-
drama one that is of real merit. Miss
Ayres acquires herself admirably. Her
support, including Theodore Kosloff,
Mahlon Hamilton, Frank Campeau and
Wilton Taylor, is quite adequate.

Boys Band Meets.
Boys interested in joining the Boys
Band are requested to come to the
Boys' Band meeting at the high school
auditorium tomorrow evening at 7:30
o'clock. Parents are welcome.

FOR RENT—Three rooms for light
housekeeping or roomers. Phone
877.

INGROWN NAIL
Toughen Skin and Toe Nail
Turns Out Itself

A few drops of "Outgro" upon the
skin surrounding the ingrowing nail
reduces inflammation and pain and so
toughens the tender, sensitive skin
underneath the toe nail, that it can
not penetrate the flesh, and the nail
turns naturally outward almost over-
night.

"Outgro" is a harmless, antiseptic
manufactured for chiropodists. How-
ever, anyone can buy from the drug
store a tiny bottle containing direc-
tions.

**Gasoline
for an
Empire**

THE eleven states served by the
Standard Oil Company (Indiana) is
an empire in area, wealth, population,
and industrial activities. It constitutes
the largest and most important market
for petroleum products on the American
continent.

To win such a market, to gain the con-
fidence, and enjoy the respect of this
buying public is a task worth while.

To achieve this objective, to merit the
confidence of its patrons, and to be pre-
pared at all times to serve them, has been
for many years the dominating idea of
the Standard Oil Company (Indiana). To
make its service more comprehensive it
manufactures special grades of its prod-
ucts to meet special requirements.

For example, take gasoline. Under this
general head come fifteen different prod-
ucts, each made with scientific precision
to meet a specific, well-defined need.

For the motorist the Standard Oil
Company (Indiana) makes Red Crown
Gasoline. This product is made for the
sole purpose of generating power in the
modern internal combustion engine. It has
a chain of boiling point fractions carefully
adjusted and graduated with scientific ac-
curacy to enable you to get from your
engine all the power it can develop.

In attacking the problem of supplying
motor gasoline for 30 million people,
three main points were considered—

First—Quality: The gasoline must
function perfectly: to do this nothing
short of scientific precision is sufficient.

Second—Quantity: To meet the
ever-growing demands for motor fuel, the
yield of gasoline must be great if the cost
is to be kept down.

Third—Distribution: To make it
easy for the consumer, wherever he may
live, to secure 1 gallon or 1000 gallons of
gasoline, whenever he may need it.

In Red Crown Gasoline is symbolized
the ideals animating the Board of Directors
of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana).
Red Crown is highly efficient—it is pro-
duced in large quantities, and sold at a
price that is fair to all.

Red Crown has achieved leadership by
rendering a maximum of service just as
the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) has
become a leader in the industry by render-
ing a definite, positive, essential service.

It is by such standards that the Standard
Oil Company (Indiana) measures its use-
fulness, and by maintaining such standards
it intends to continue this leadership by
meriting the confidence and respect of
the public it serves.

Standard Oil Company
(Indiana)
910 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

test. Mrs. H. Steinmetz of 118 Sec-
ond St., endorsed Doan's ten years
ago and again confirms the story.
Could you ask for more convincing
testimony?

"Sometime ago I used a couple of
boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills from
Lemhart's Drug Store and they cured
me of a severe dull aching through
the small of my back," says Mrs.
Steinmetz. "I had been annoyed for
some time with a lameness and sore-
ness through my loins and a tired
and languid feeling. I got no relief
until I learned of Doan's Kidney
Pills." (Statement given October 17,
1910.)

On October 13, 1919, Mrs. Stein-
metz said: "The cure Doan's Kidney
Pills made for me some years ago is
still permanent. I am glad to again
endorse them and I always recom-
mend Doan's to my friends when I
hear them complaining of kidney
trouble."

\$1.00, at all dealers. Foster-Milburn
Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.—adv.

**CONGRATULATIONS
Are Misplaced**

Congratulations began to pour into
Mr. and Mrs. John Fieldt, of Wash-
burn, recently, on announcement of a
new addition to their family. The item
appeared in The Tribune. The con-
gratulations were misplaced and The
Tribune was informed. Investigation

HEAD COLDS
Melt in spoon; inhale vapors;
apply freely up nostrils.

**VICKS
VAPORUB**
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

**KONDOR'S
CATARRHAL JELLY**
Is guaranteed by 30 years
service to millions of
Americans. Kondor's
works wonders for your
cold, sore throat, rough,
chronic catarrh, head-
ache, sore nose, etc.

HAY
Carload lots.
Ask for prices.
Van Kleeck Supply Co.
Fargo, N. Dak.

Underwood Typewriter Co.
Standard and Portable.
Sold. Rented. Repaired.
Bismarck, N. D.

TYPEWRITERS
All makes
sold and rented
Bismarck
Typewriter Co.
Bismarck,
N. D.

EAGLE
Tailoring and Hat Works
Dry Cleaning, Pressing, Re-
pairing, Remodeling, Dyeing
of Ladies' and Men's Clothes.
Prompt and courteous service.
Call For and Deliver.
Phone 55 313 Broadway
Bismarck, N. D.
We clean and reblock hats.

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